

Analyses en fatigue à grand nombre de cycles : Apport des approches probabilistes

François HILD



Outline

Damage mechanisms / examples

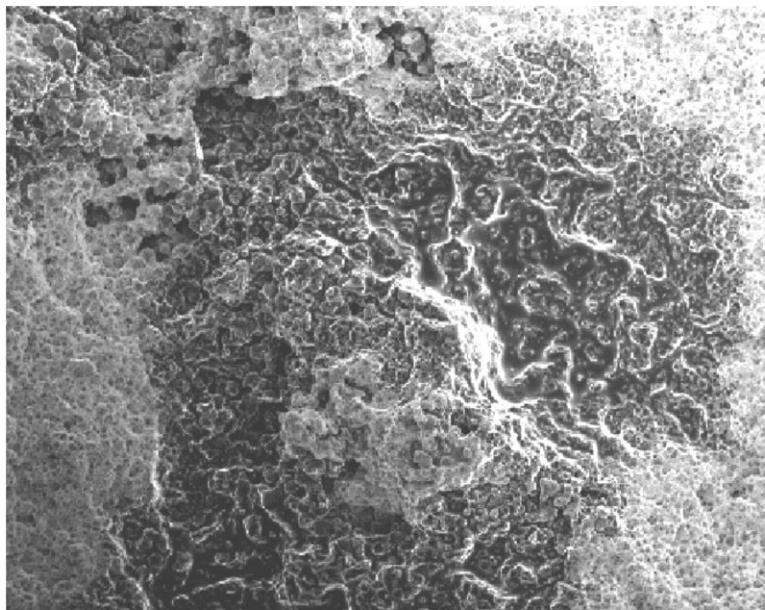
Weakest link hypothesis

Self-heating experiments / endurance limits

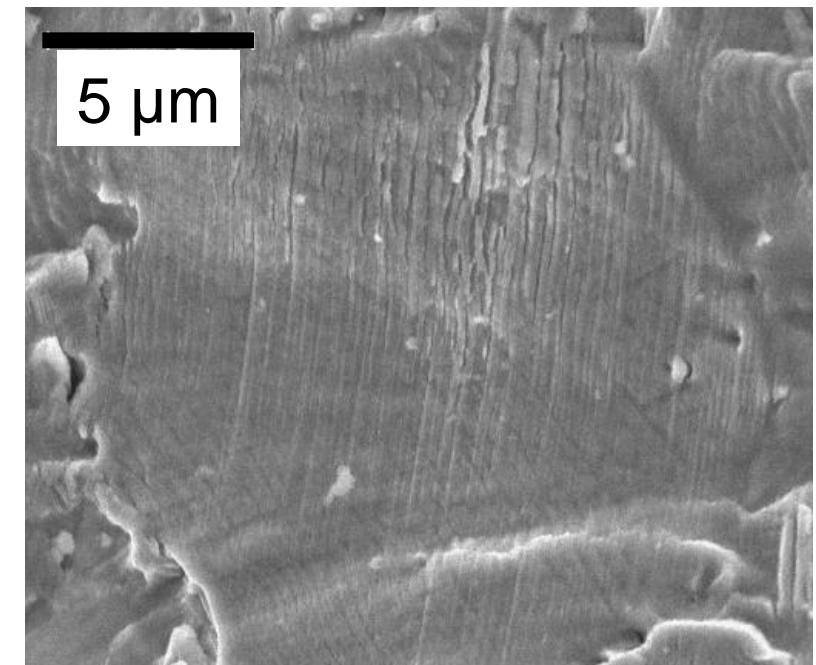
Crack networks: thermal striping

Summary and perspectives

Damage Mechanisms



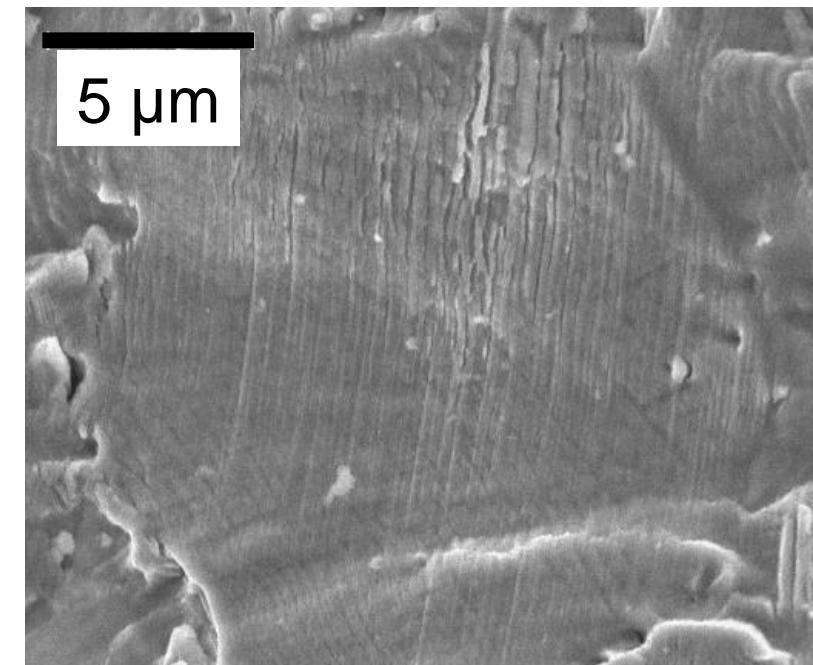
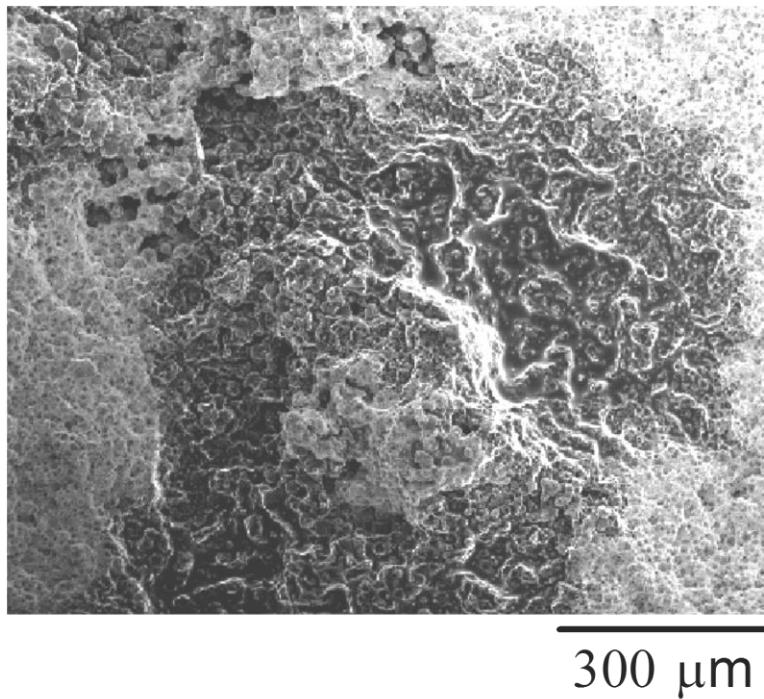
300 μm



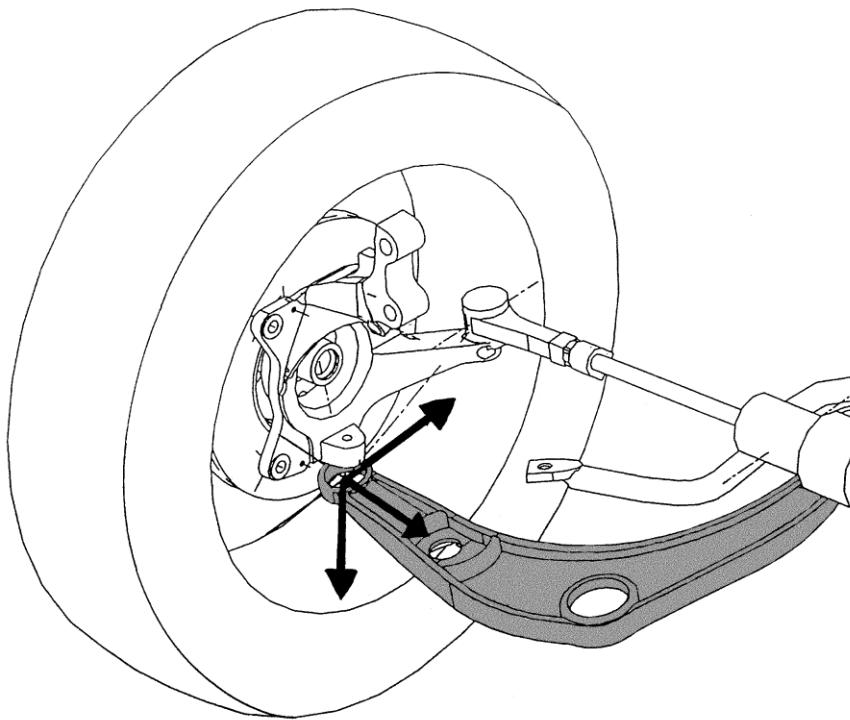
Damage Mechanisms

How to model distributions of initiation sites?

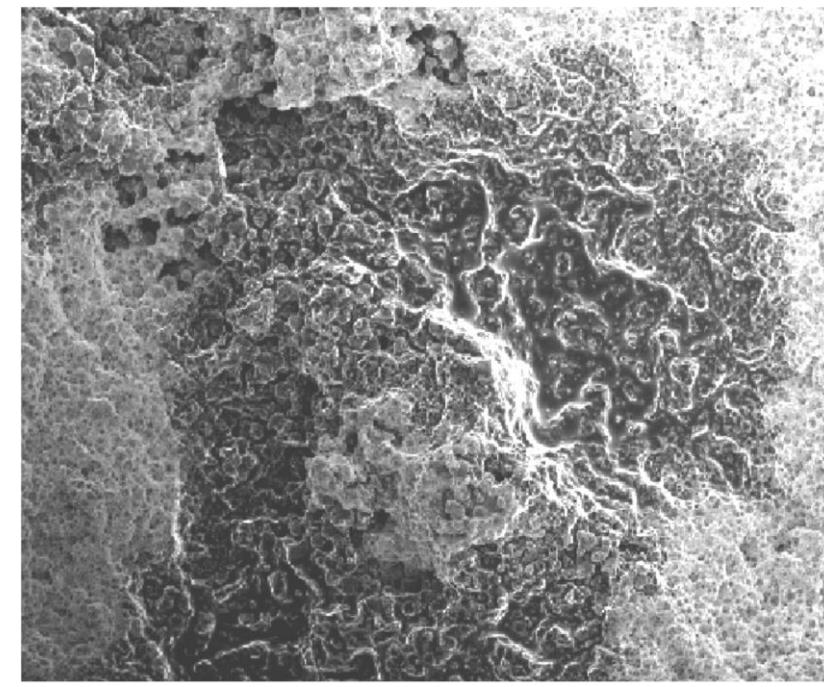
- points (Poisson Point Process)
 ⇒ no length scale
- more accurate description
 ⇒ length scale(s)



HCF of Suspension Arm

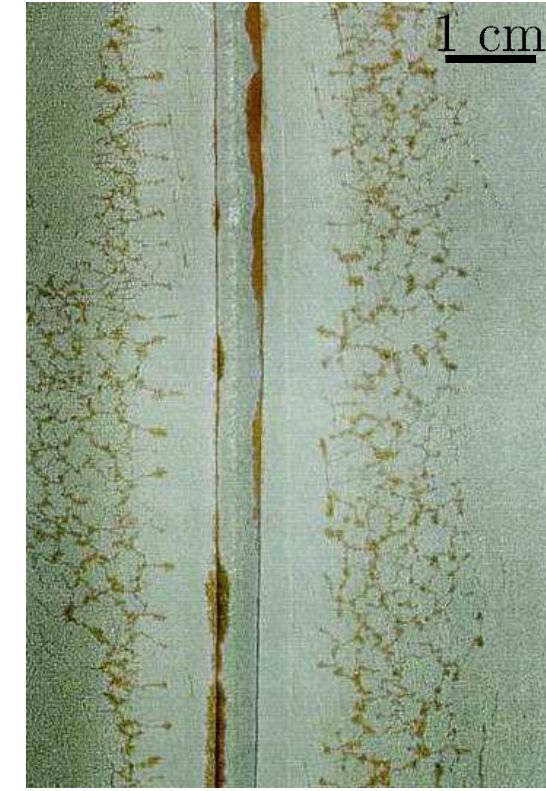
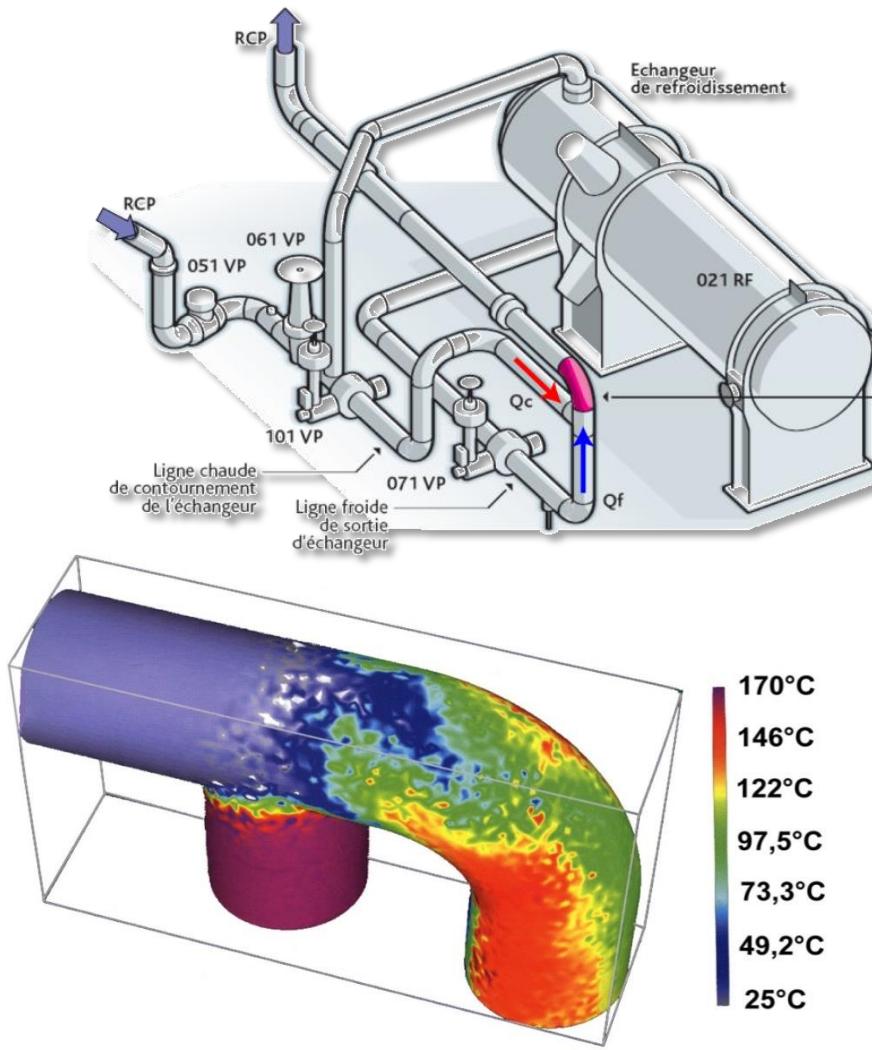


Suspension arm



Microshrinkage cavity
in nodular graphite cast iron

Reactor Heat Removal System of Pressurized Water Reactors



*observations on
damaged zone*

[Cipière et al., 2002, Proc. Int. Symp. Contrib. Mat. Investig. Resol. Prob. Encount. PWRs]
 [Stéphan et al., 2002, Proc. Fatigue 2002 pp. 1707-1714]



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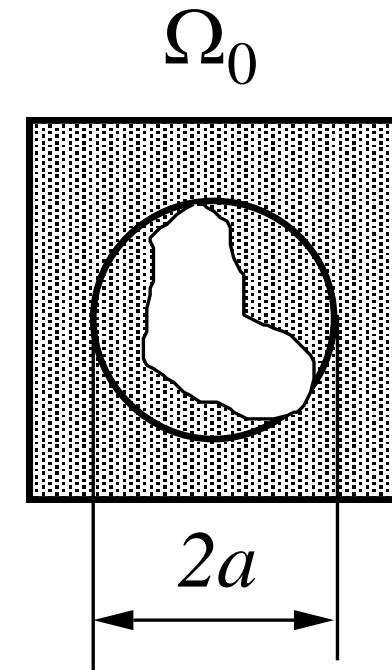
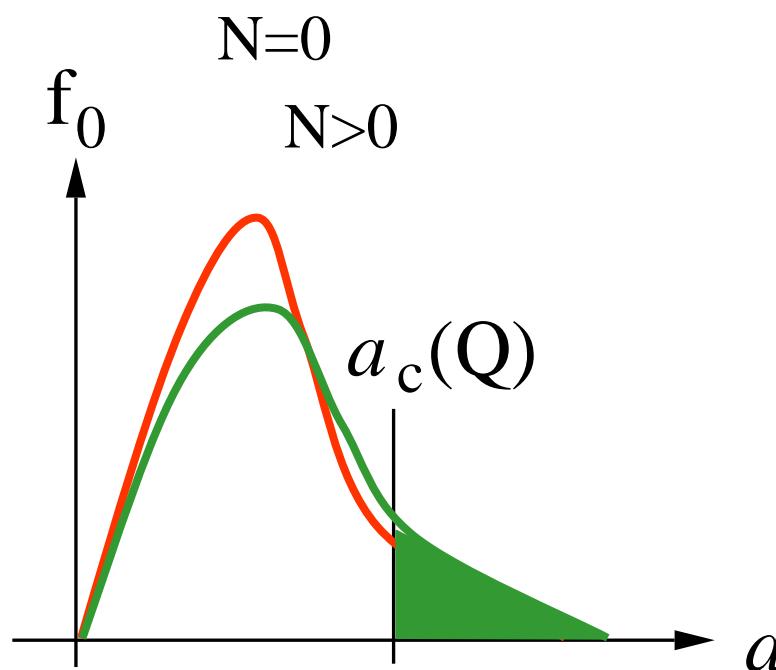
Weakest link hypothesis

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Summary and perspectives

Local Failure Probability



$$P_{F0}(Q,N) = \int_{a_c(Q)}^{+\infty} f_N(a) da$$

Local Failure Probability

Unstable propagation: $P_{F0}(Q) = \int_{a_c}^{+\infty} f_0(a) da$

Stable propagation: $P_{F0}(Q,N) = \int_{a_c}^{+\infty} f_N(a) da$

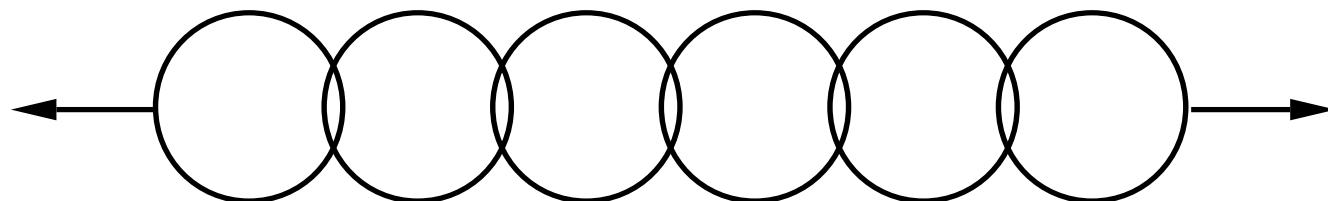
No initiation of new defects: $f_N(a_N) da_N = f_0(a_0) da_0$

Stable propagation: $P_{F0}(Q,N) = \int_{a_{c0}}^{+\infty} f_0(a) da$

a_{c0} : initial size that becomes critical after N cycles ($=a_c$)

Global Failure Probability

Weakest link hypothesis*

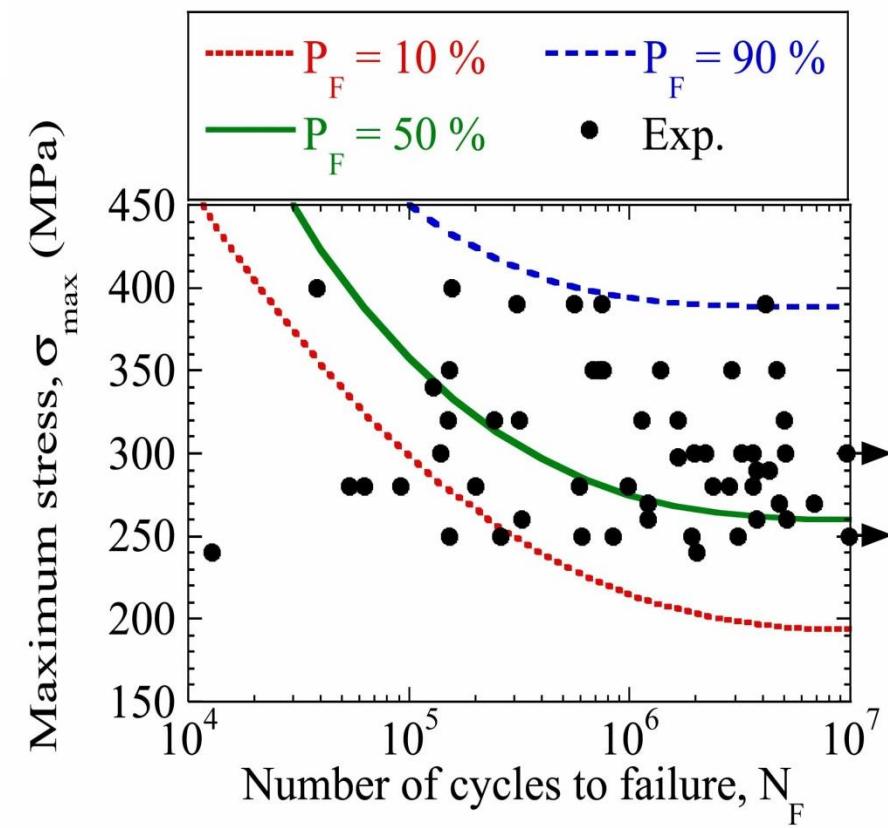
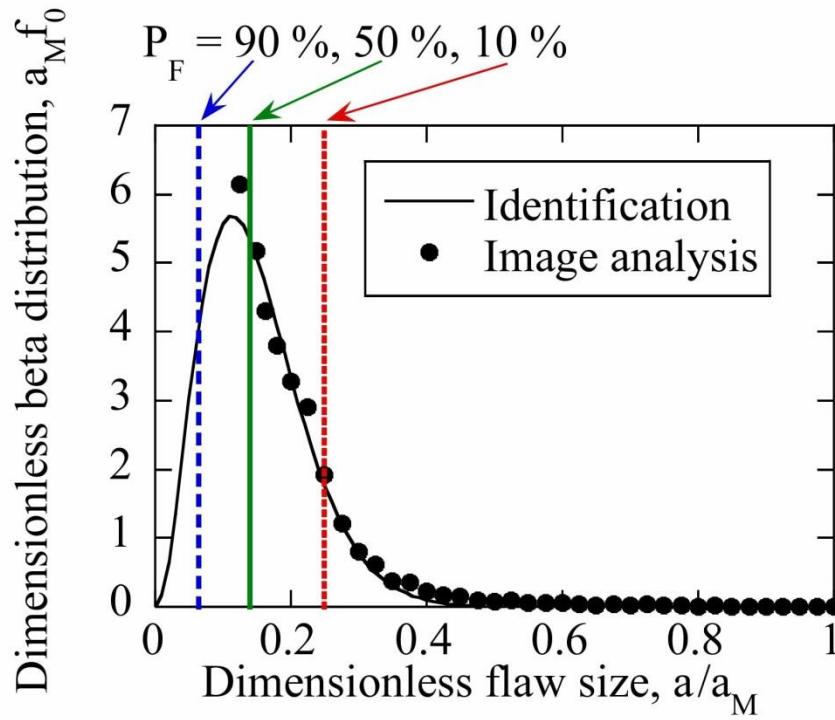


$$P_S = \prod_{i=1}^M P_{Si} \Leftrightarrow \ln(1-P_F) = \sum_{i=1}^M \ln(1-P_{Fi})$$

$$P_F = 1 - \exp \left\{ \frac{1}{V_0} \int_{\Omega} \ln(1 - P_{F0}) dV \right\}$$

*[Freudenthal, 1968, in *Fracture 2* pp. 591-619]

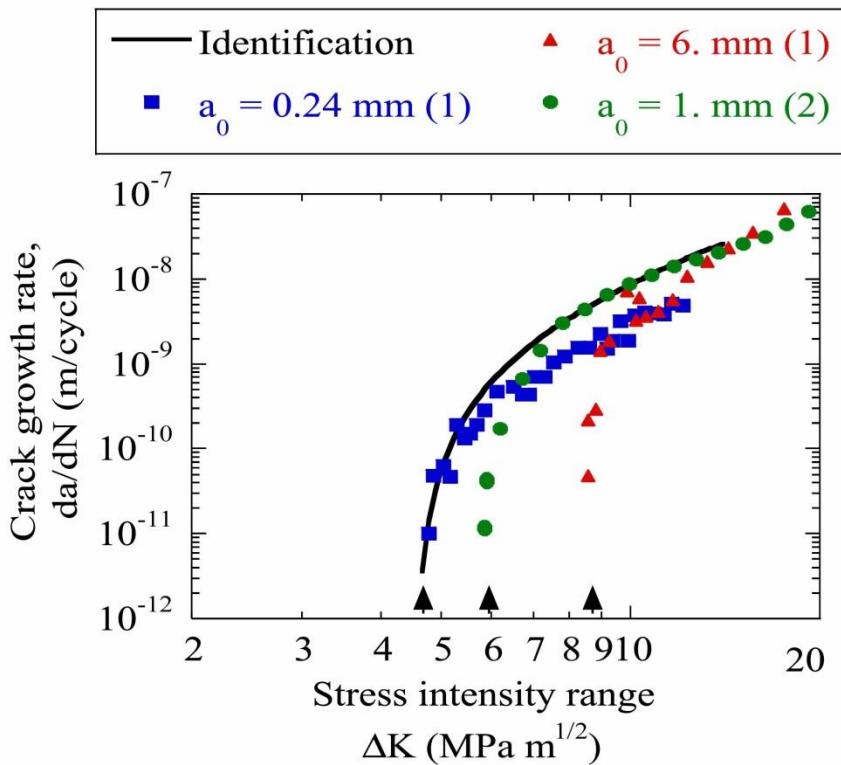
HCF of SG Cast Iron



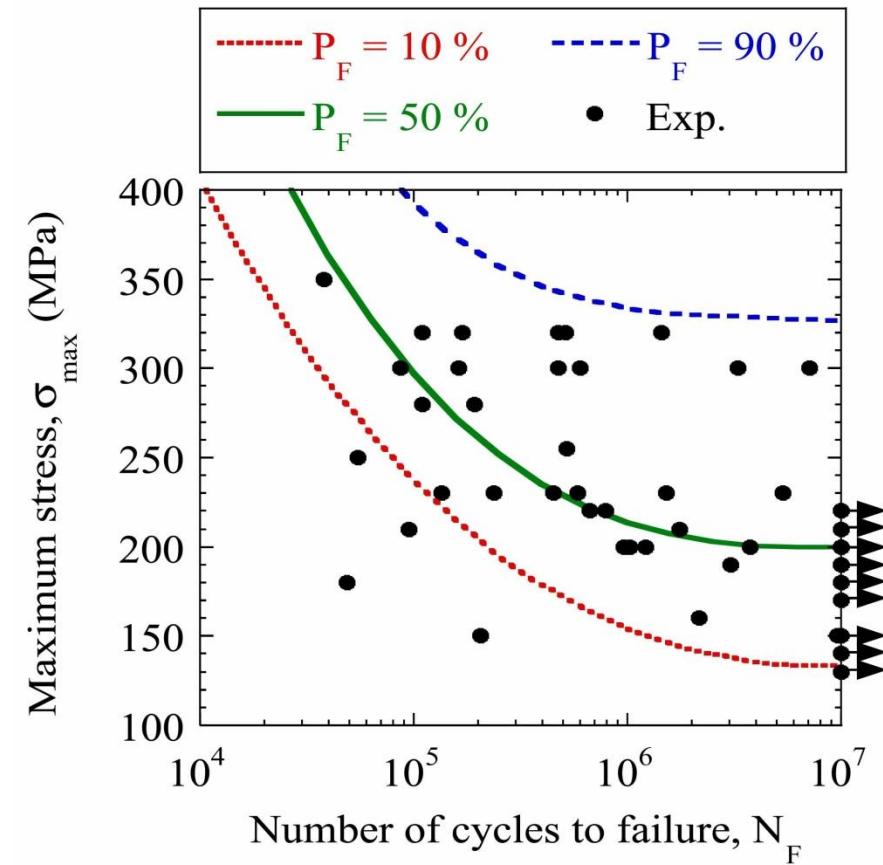
Identification of
flaw size distribution

Cyclic tension test ($R = 0.1$)

HCF of SG Cast Iron



Validation of
crack propagation law

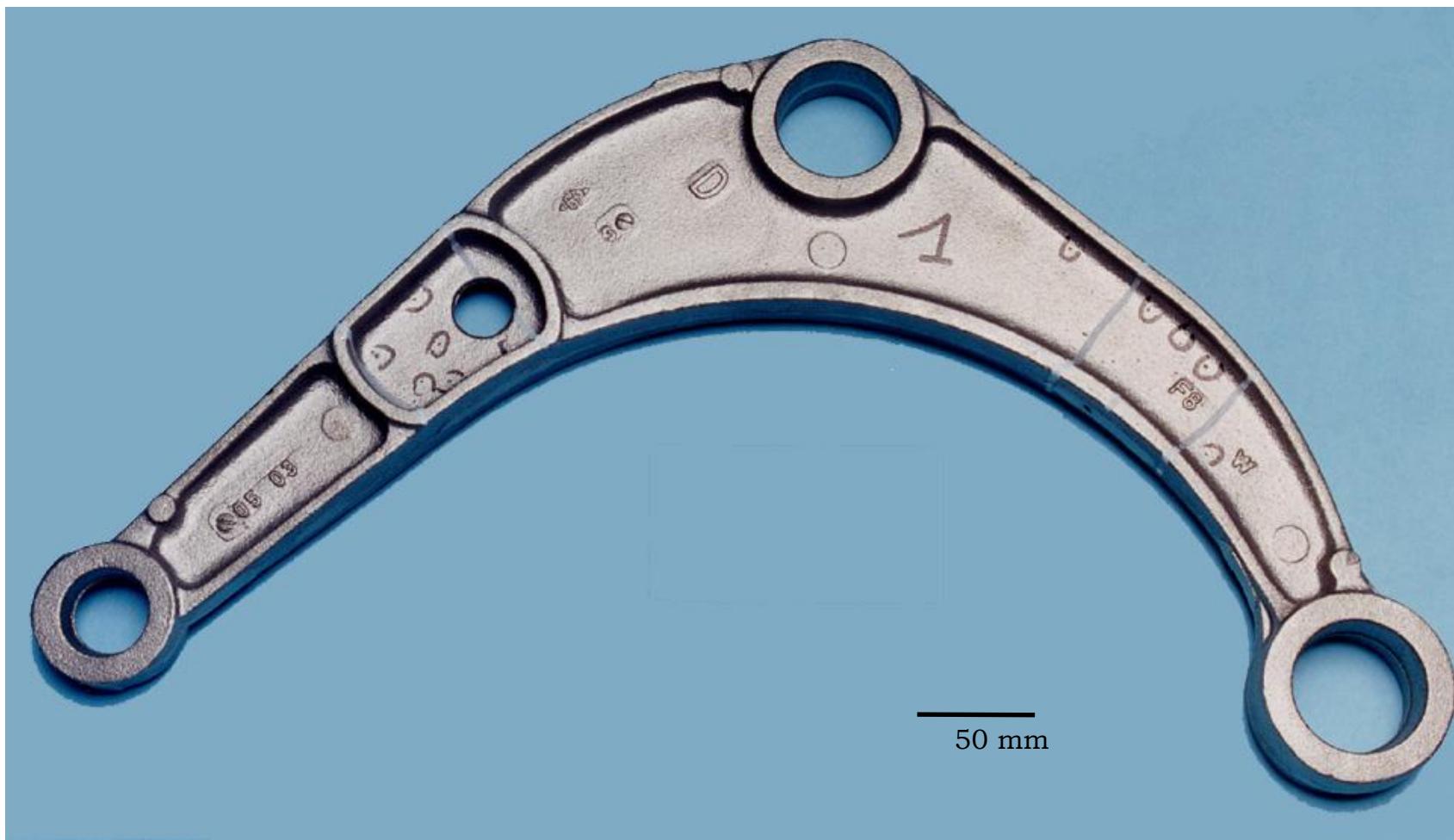


Prediction of
tension/compression
tests ($R = -1$)

¹[Clément et al., 1984, FFEMS 7 pp. 251-265]

²[Renault, 1995, internal report]

HCF of Suspension Arm



HCF of Suspension Arm

Bulk properties:

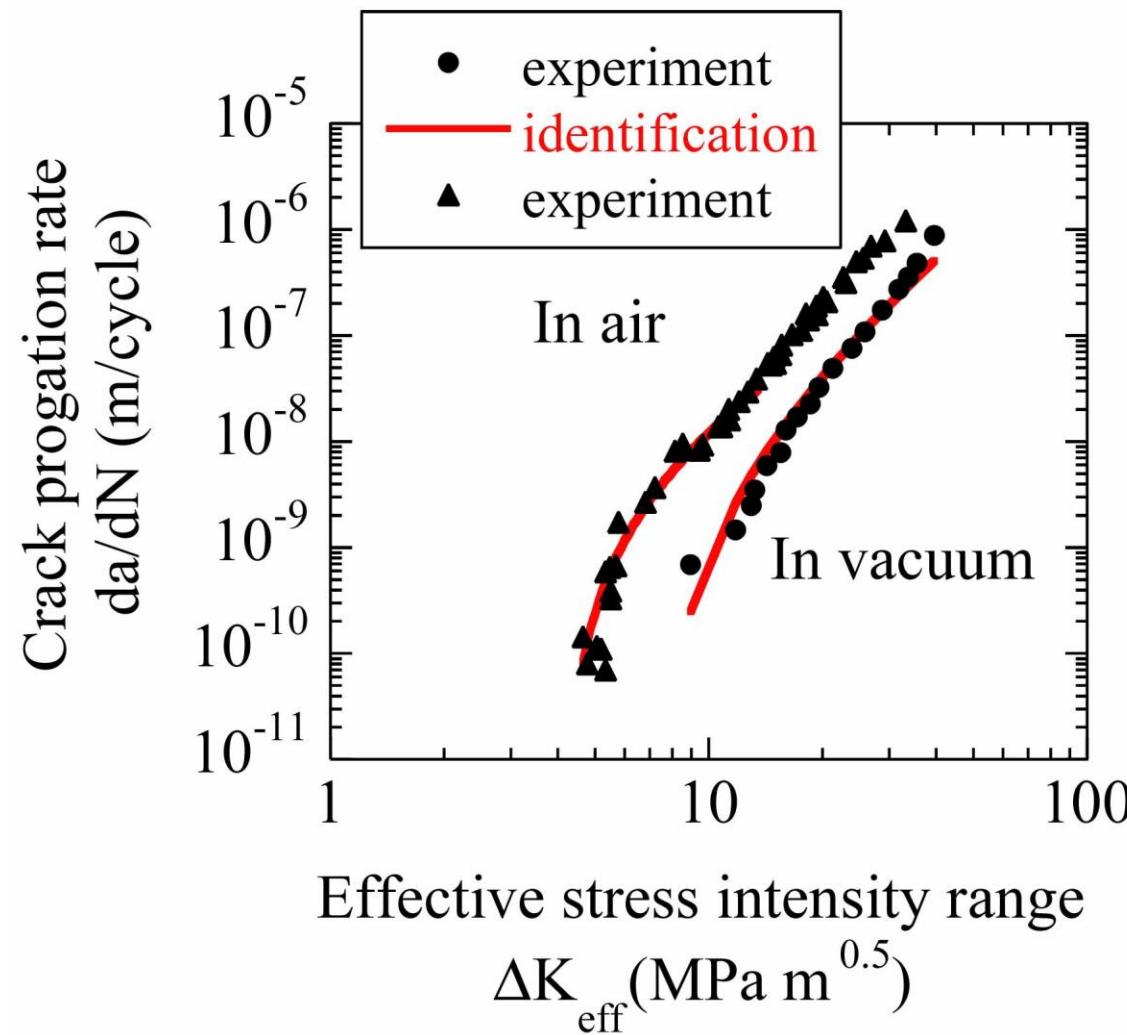
- defect distribution
- propagation law (in vacuum)
- residual stresses (neglected)
- volume elements (tetrahedra)

Surface properties:

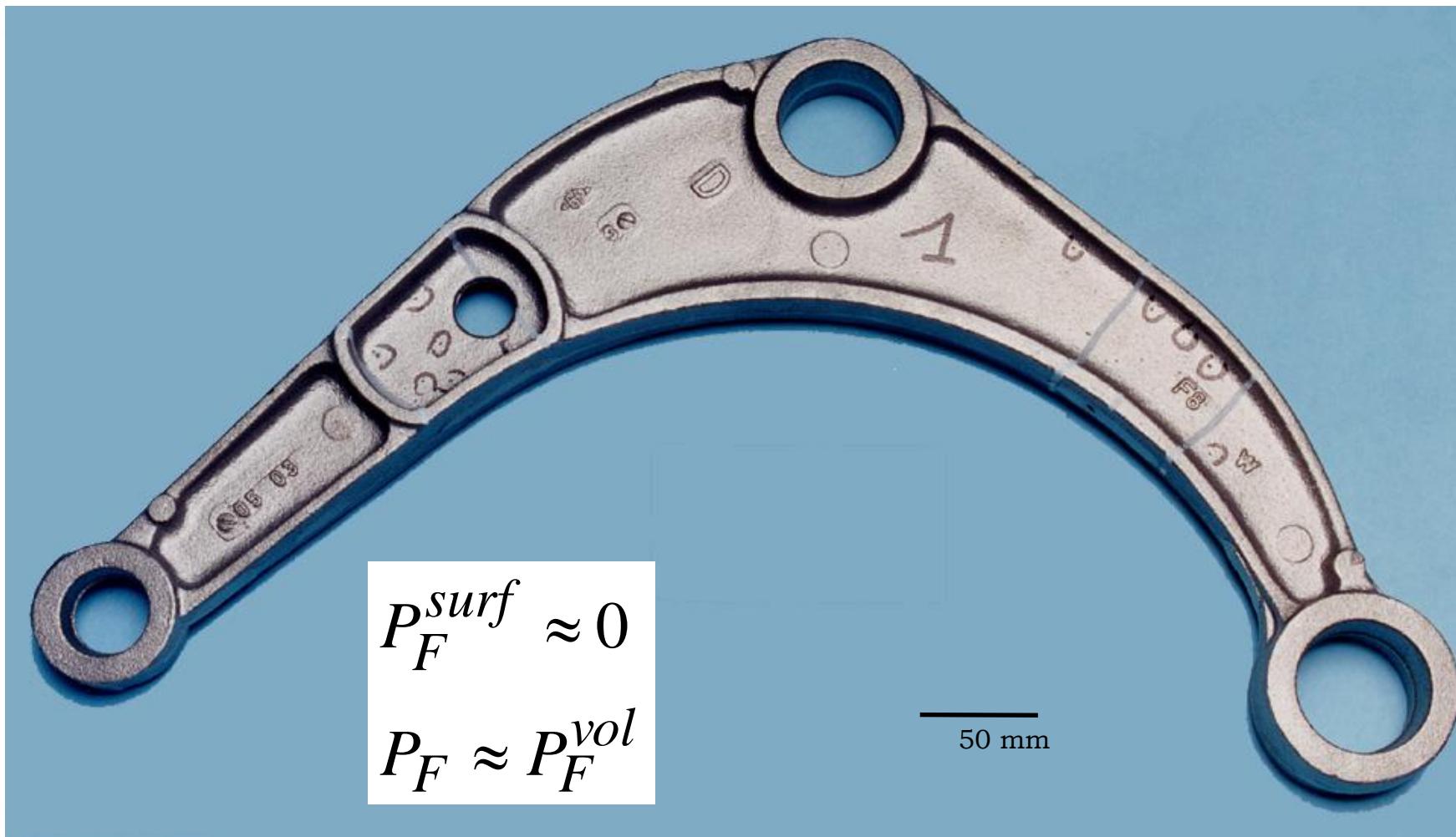
- defect distribution
- propagation law (in air)
- residual stresses (XRD after 100 cycles)
- surface elements (shells)

$$1 - P_F = \left(1 - P_F^{vol}\right) \left(1 - P_F^{surf}\right)$$

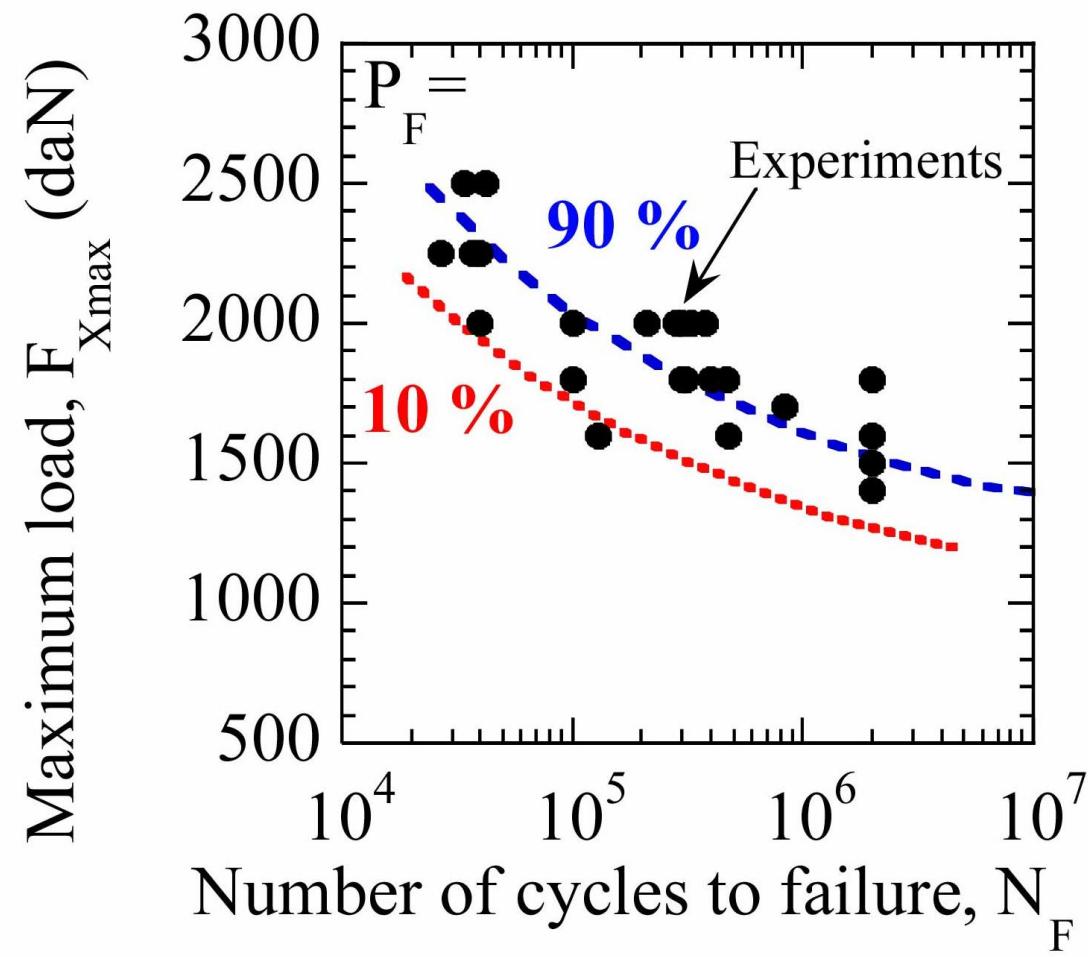
HCF of Suspension Arm



HCF of Suspension Arm



HCF of Suspension Arm



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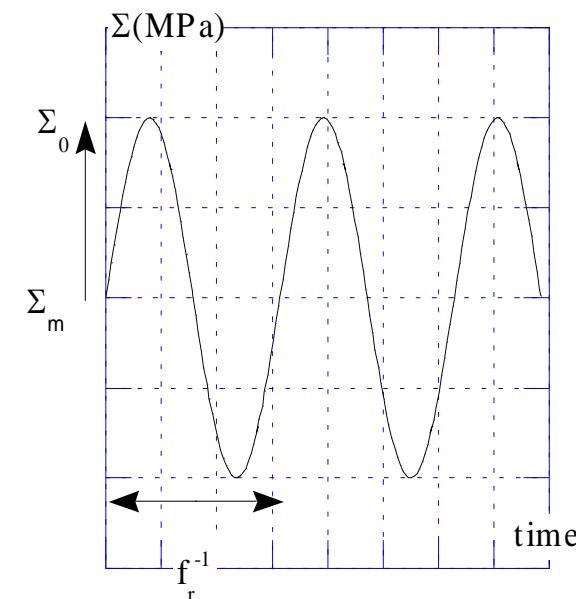
Summary and perspectives

Self-Heating Experiments

Example



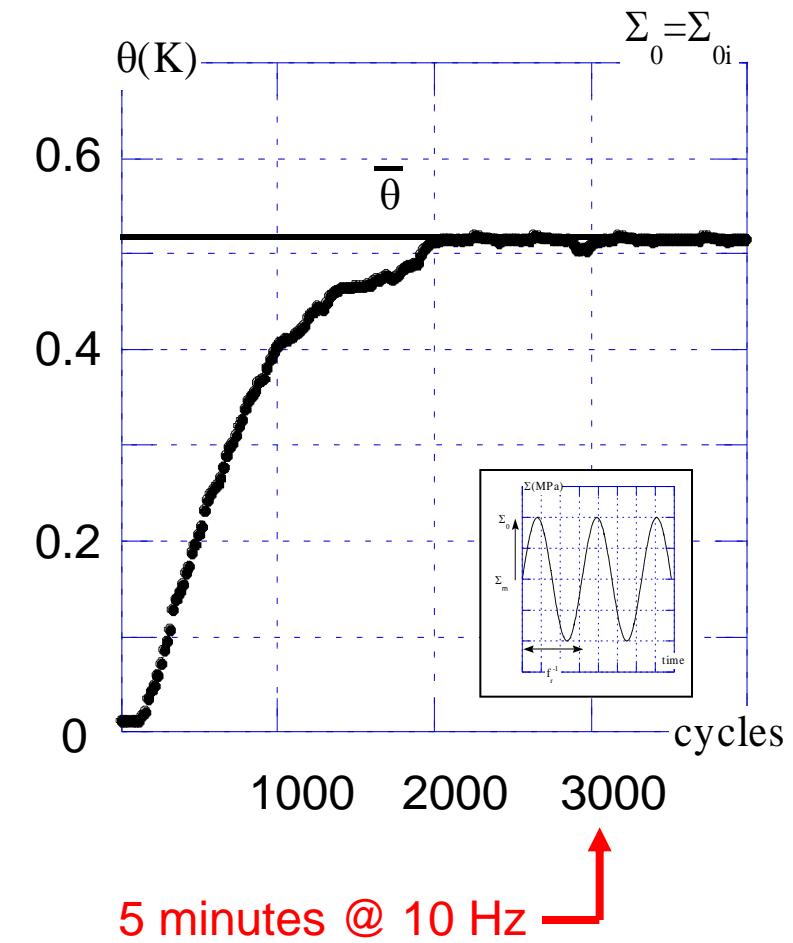
Load history



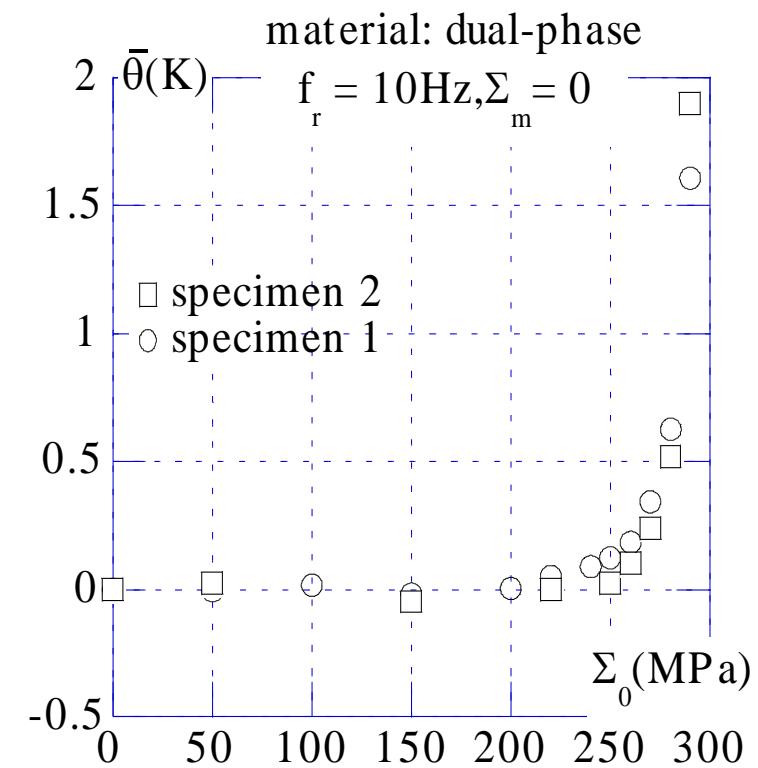
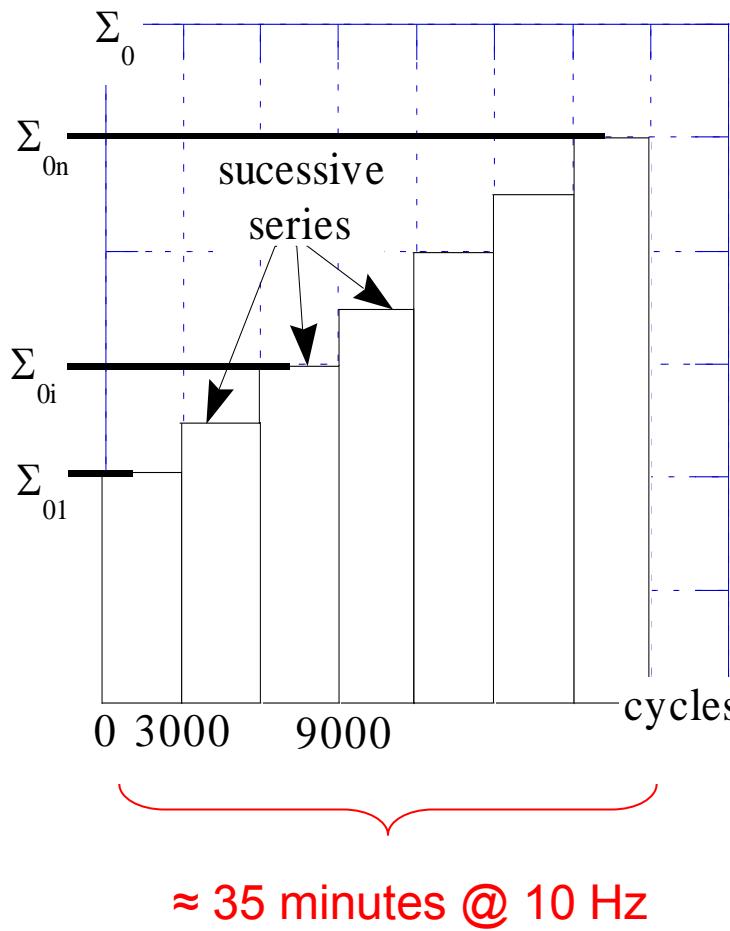
Load ratio $R = \frac{\Sigma_{\min}}{\Sigma_{\max}}$

[Stromeyer, 1915, *Rep. Brit. Ass.* 638; Moore and Kimmers, 1921, *Chem. Met. Eng.* 25 pp. 1141-1144; Lehr, 1926, *Glaser's Ann. Gew.* 1184 pp. 109-114; Welter, 1937, *Wlad. Inst. Met.* 4 pp. 30-39; Cazaud, 1948, *La fatigue des métaux*]

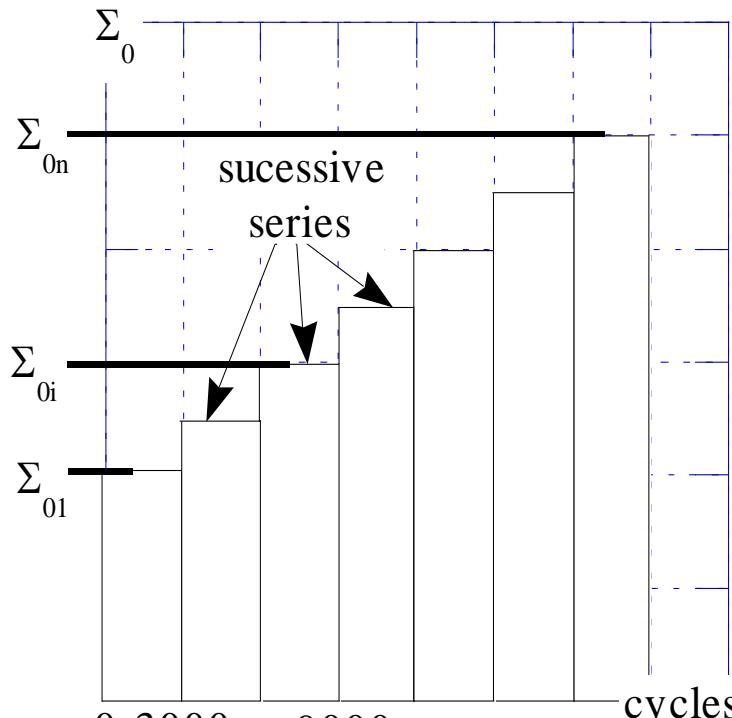
Self-Heating Experiments



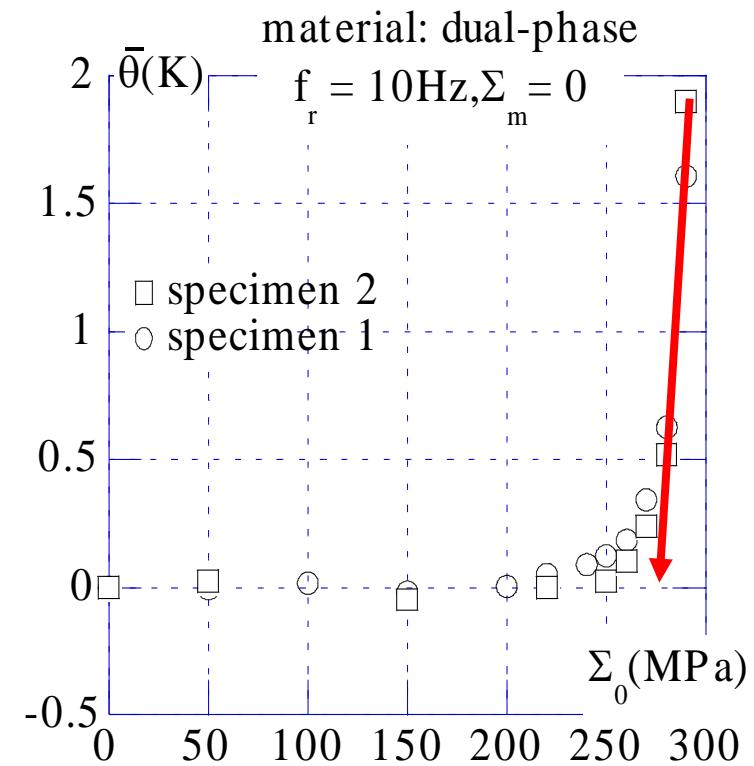
Self-Heating Experiments



Self-Heating Experiments

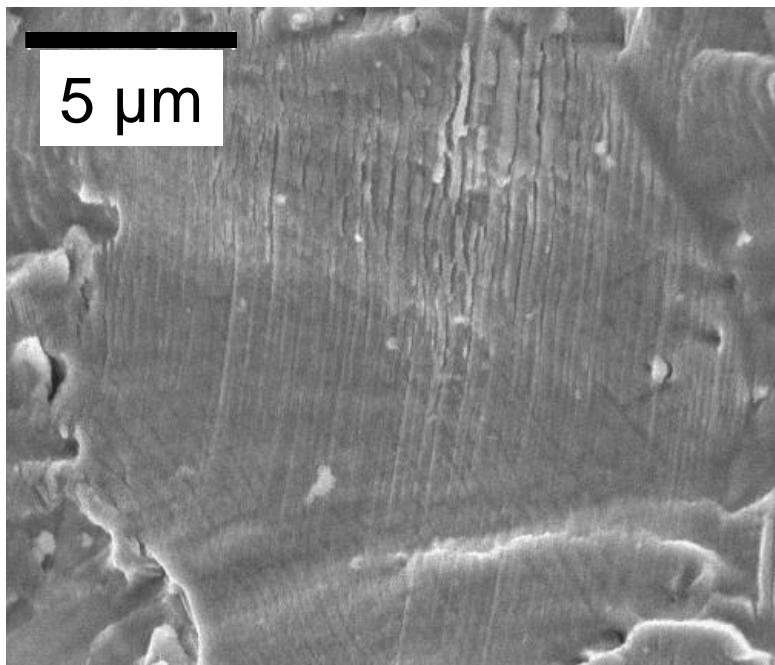


≈ 35 minutes @ 10 Hz



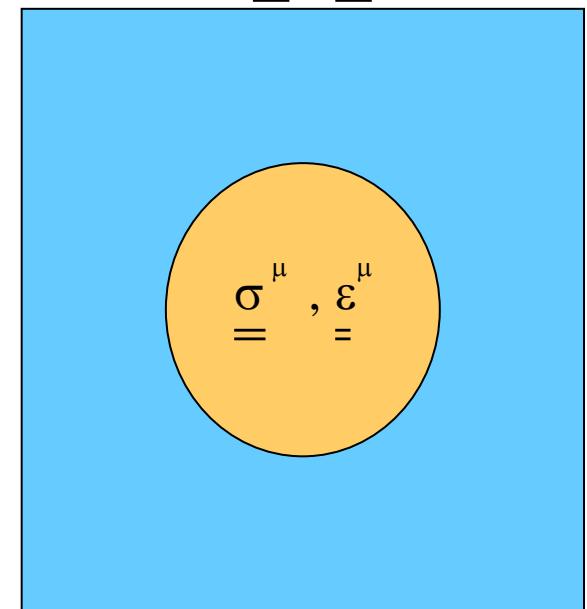
[Galtier, 1993, *PhD dissertation*, ENSAM; Luong, 1995, *Nucl. Eng. Design* 158 pp. 363-376; Bérard et al., 1998, *Mat. Techn.* 1-2 55-57; Krapez et al., 1999, *Proc. 5th AITA* pp. 379-385; La Roza and Risiato, 2000, *Int. J. Fat.* 22 pp. 65-73]

Microplasticity

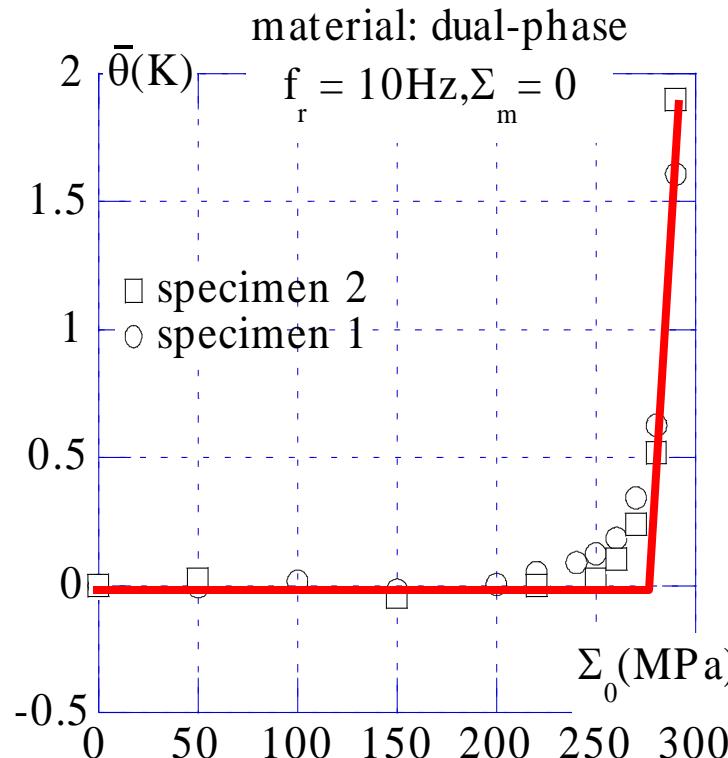


Mean dissipated power per cycle

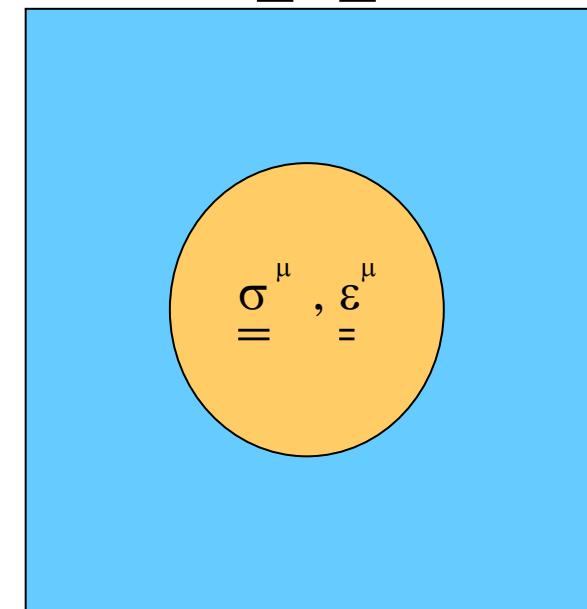
$$\bar{S} = \frac{4f_v f_r \sigma_y^\mu \left(\Sigma_0 - \sigma_y^\mu \right)}{C + 3\mu(1-\beta)} = f_r \times D$$



Microplasticity

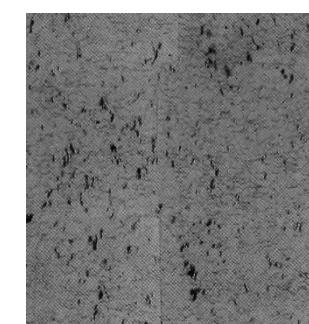
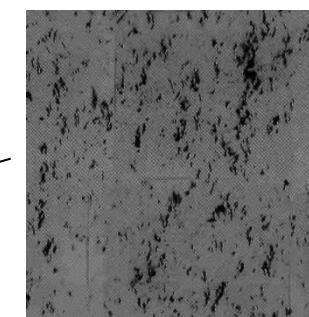
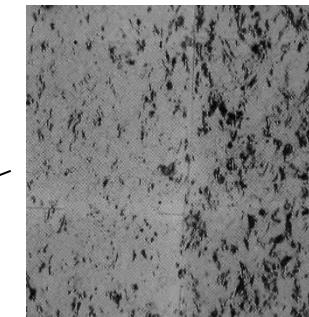
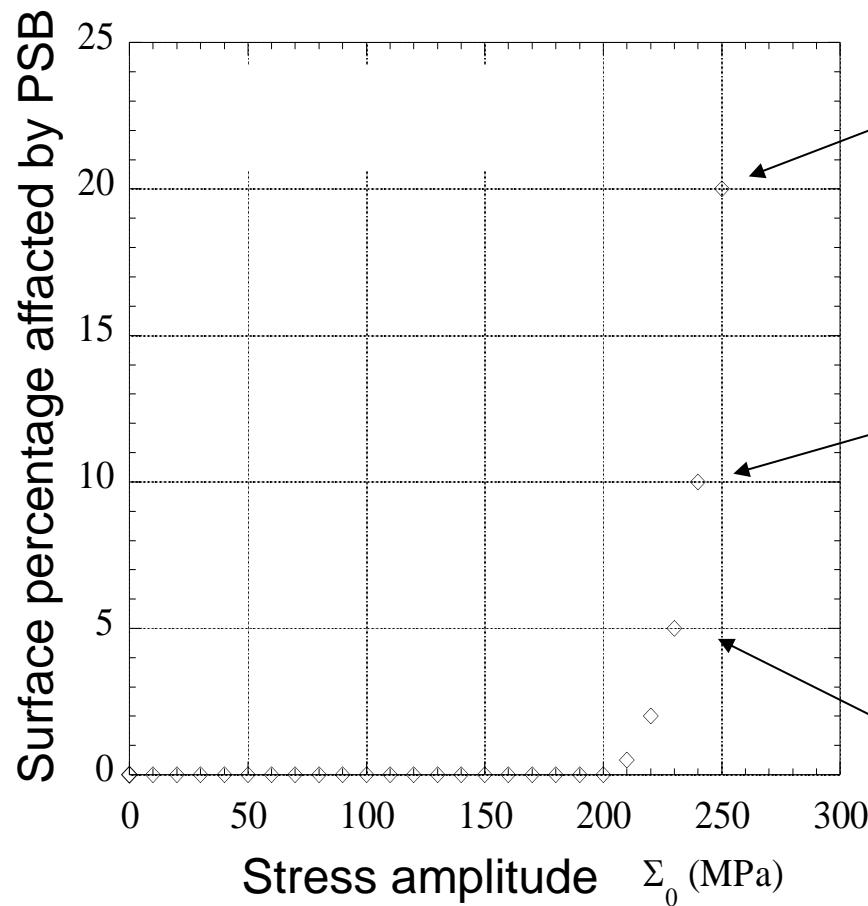


$$\Sigma, E \\ = =$$



$$\bar{S} = \frac{4f_v f_r \sigma_y^\mu \left(\Sigma_0 - \sigma_y^\mu \right)}{C + 3\mu(1-\beta)} = f_r \times D$$

Gradual Development of Microplasticity



Poisson Point Process

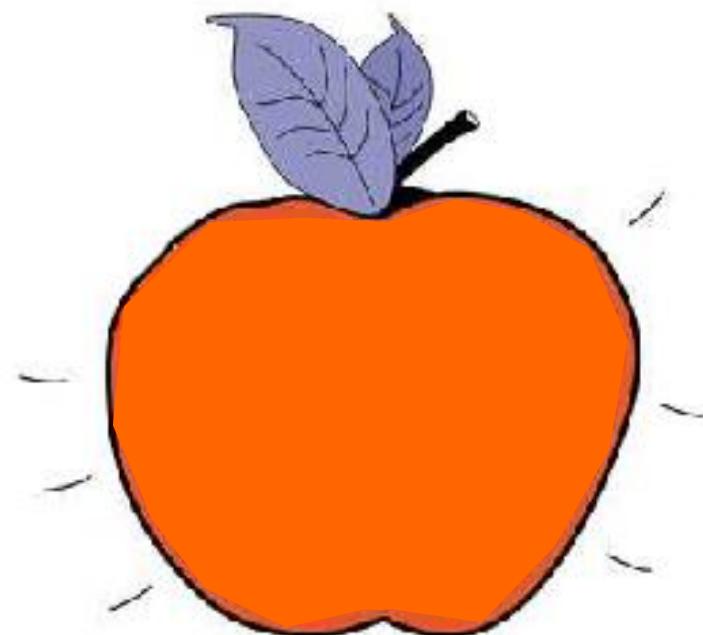
Probability of finding k defects in Ω :

$$P_k(\Omega) = \frac{[N(\Omega)]^k}{k!} \exp[-N(\Omega)]$$

Average number of defects in Ω : $N(\Omega) = V\lambda$

Process intensity:

$$\lambda_t(\sigma) = \frac{1}{V_0} \left(\frac{\Sigma_0}{\sigma_0} \right)^m$$



Poisson Point Process

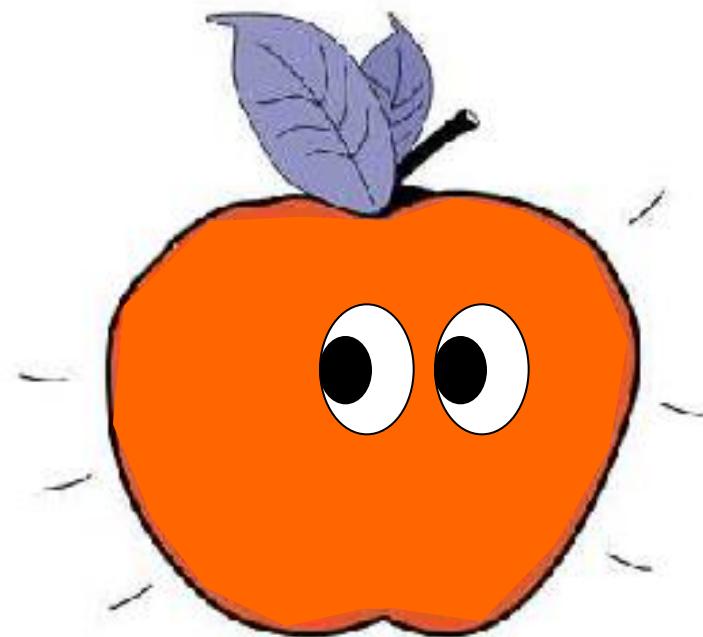
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Poisson Point Process

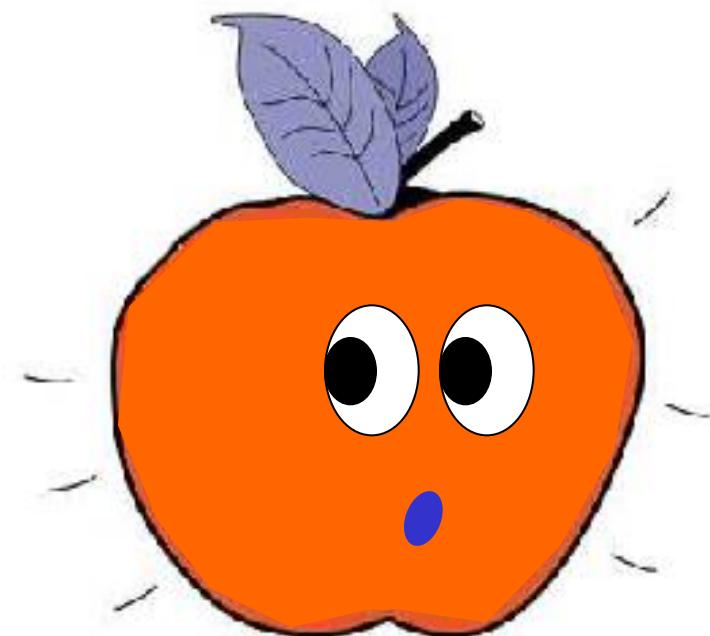
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Poisson Point Process

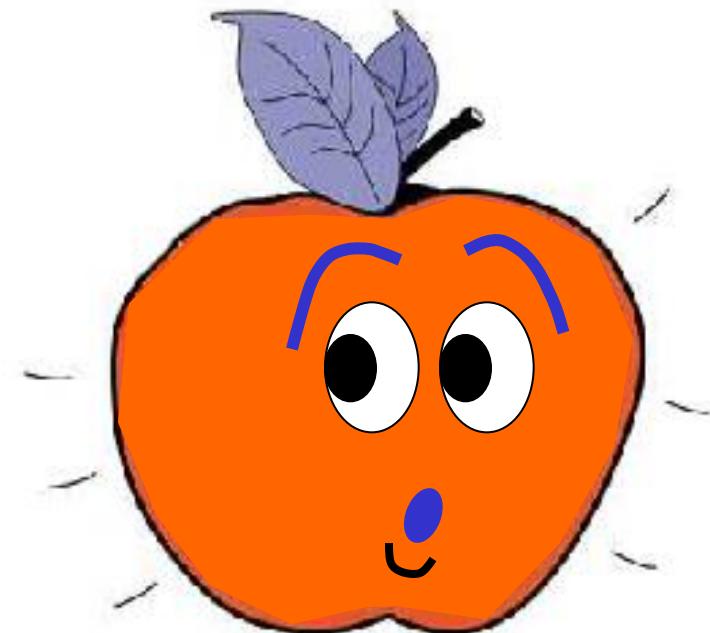
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Heat Equation

$$\dot{\theta} + \frac{\theta}{\tau_{eq}} = \frac{\bar{S}}{c\rho}$$

$$\bar{S} = f_r \times D \quad D: \text{Mean dissipated power per cycle}$$

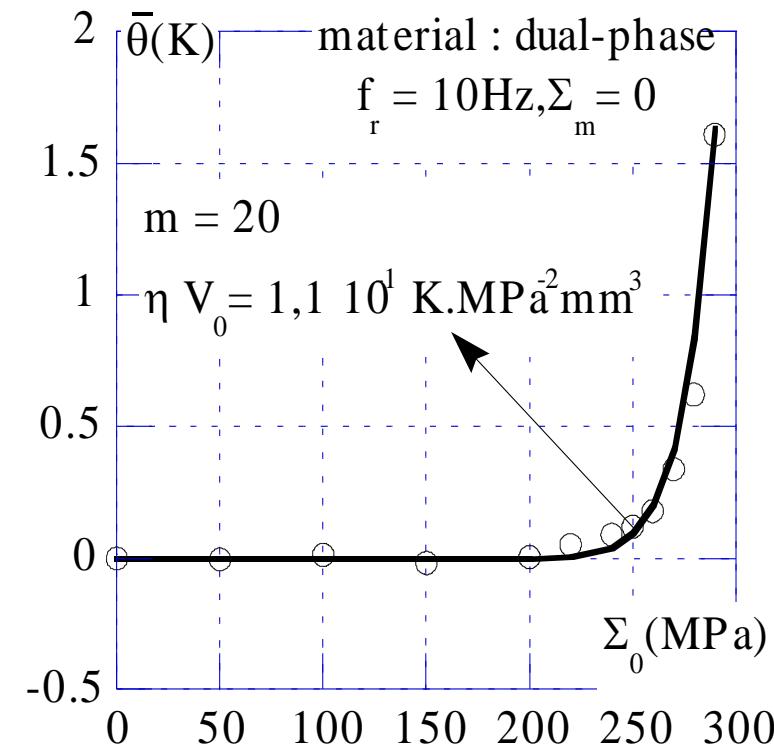
For 1 site: $\delta(\sigma_y^\mu, \Sigma_0) = \frac{4V_0}{h} \sigma_y^\mu \langle \Sigma_0 - \sigma_y^\mu \rangle$

$$D = \frac{1}{V} \int_0^{\Sigma_0} \underbrace{\delta(\Sigma, \Sigma_0)}_{d\Sigma} \underbrace{\frac{d\lambda}{d\Sigma}}_{Vd\Sigma} = \frac{4V_0 m}{h(m+1)(m+2)} \frac{\Sigma_0^{m+2}}{(V_0^{1/m} S_0)^m}$$

Mean dissipation for a site
with yield stress Σ

Number of sites with yield
stress between Σ and $\Sigma + d\Sigma$

Self-Heating Experiments



Link with Endurance?

Weakest link hypothesis: 1 active site \equiv failure of sample

$$P_F = P_{k>0}(\Omega) = 1 - P_{k=0}(\Omega) = 1 - \exp(-\lambda V)$$

$$P_F = 1 - \exp\left[-\frac{V}{V_0}\left(\frac{\Sigma_0}{S_0}\right)^m\right]$$

[Weibull, 1951, *J. Appl. Mech.* 18 pp. 293-297]

[Gulino and Phoenix, 1991, *J. Mater. Sci.* 26 pp. 3107-3118]

[Jeulin, 1991, *thèse d'Etat*, University of Caen]

Link with Endurance?

Case of non-uniform stress field

$$P_F = 1 - \exp \left[- \frac{VH_m}{V_0} \left(\frac{\Sigma_F}{S_0} \right)^m \right]$$

$$H_m = \frac{1}{V} \int_{\Omega} \left(\frac{\Sigma_0}{\Sigma_F} \right)^m dV \leq 1$$

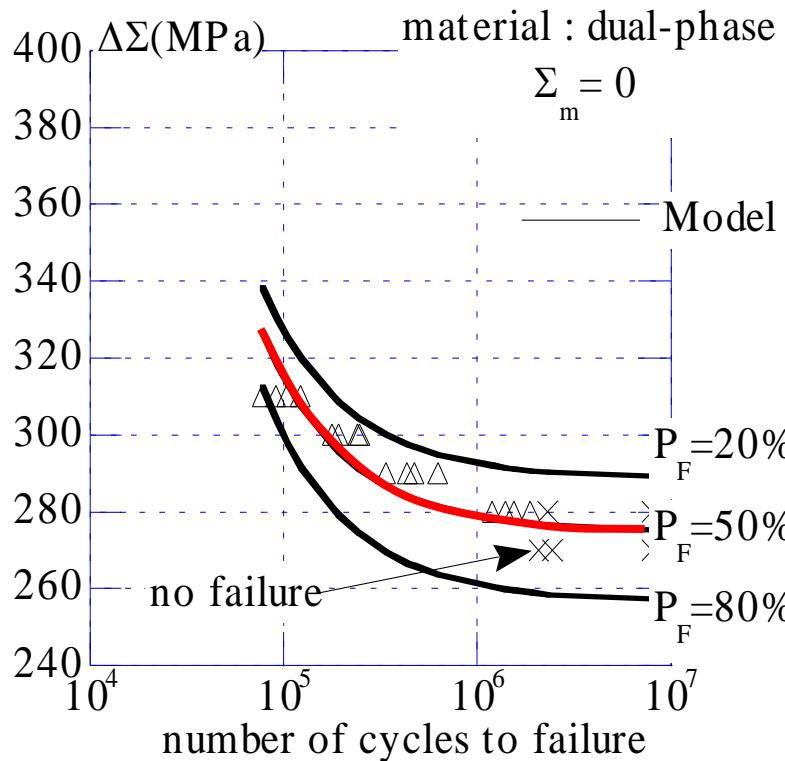
➡ Accounts for volume and stress heterogeneity effects

[Weibull, 1952, *Appl. Mech. Rev.* 5 pp. 449-451]

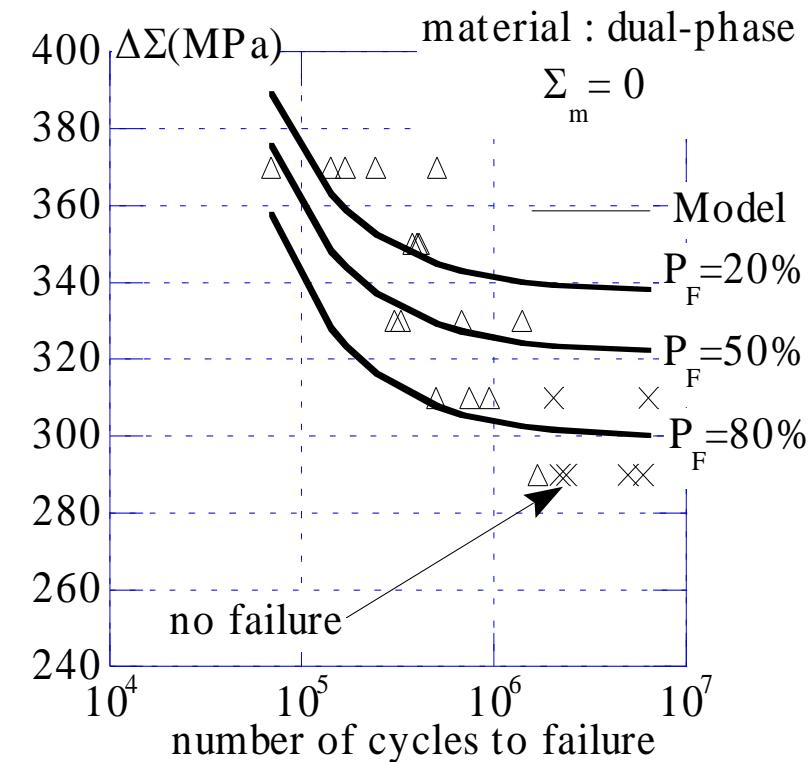
[Davies, 1973, *Proc. Brit. Ceram. Soc.* 22 pp. 429-452]

[HF et al., 1992, *CRAS* 315 (II) pp. 1293-1298]

Validation



Tension/compression



Flexure

Outline

Damage mechanisms / examples

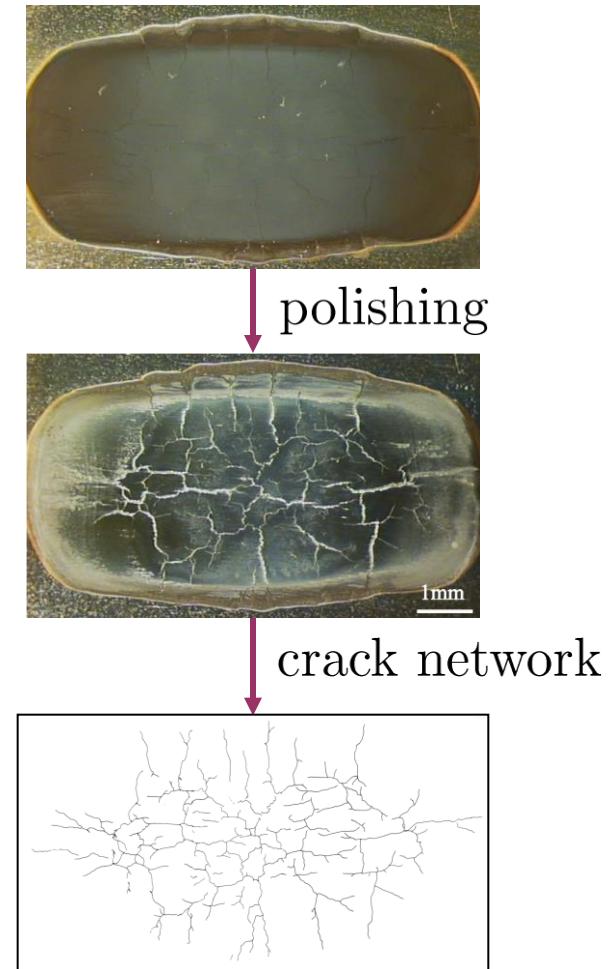
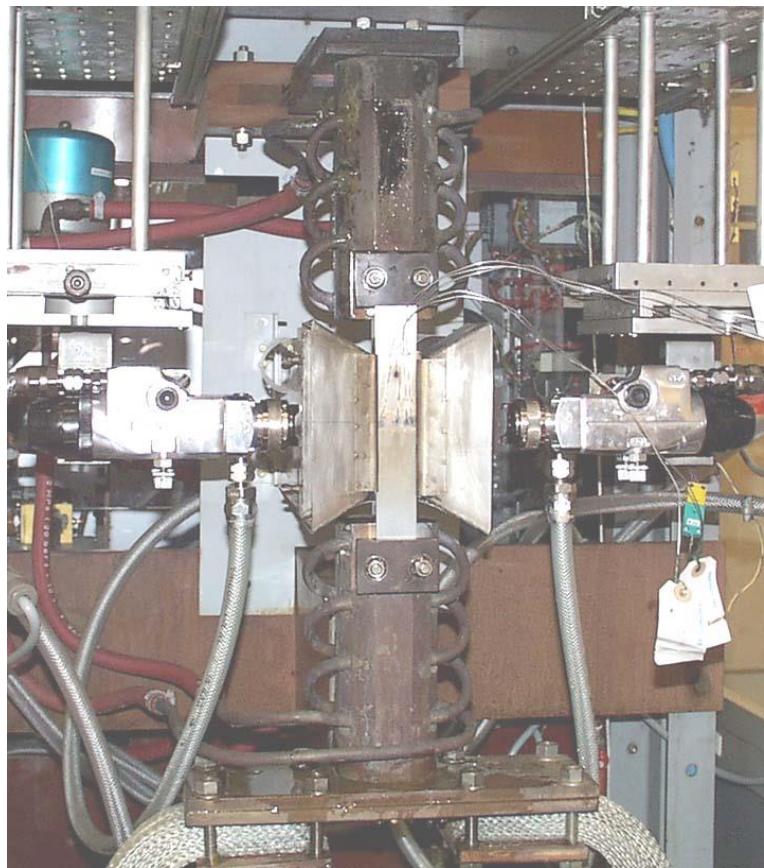
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Summary and perspectives

Crack Networks in Stainless Steel

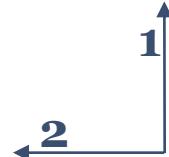
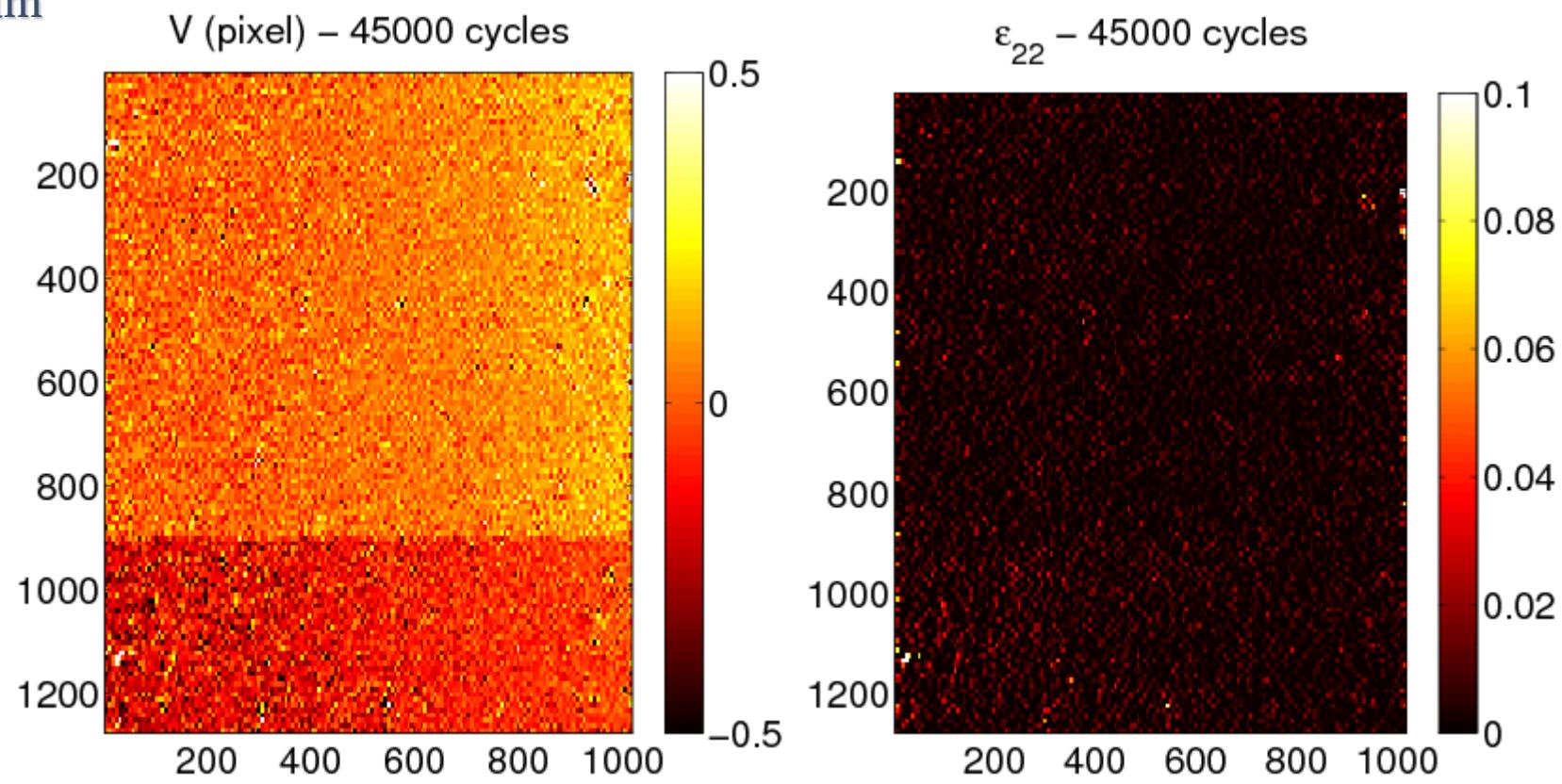


after 300 000 cycles
with $\Delta T = 150^\circ\text{C}$

Mechanical Test

- Displacement field U_2
- Strain field ε_{22}

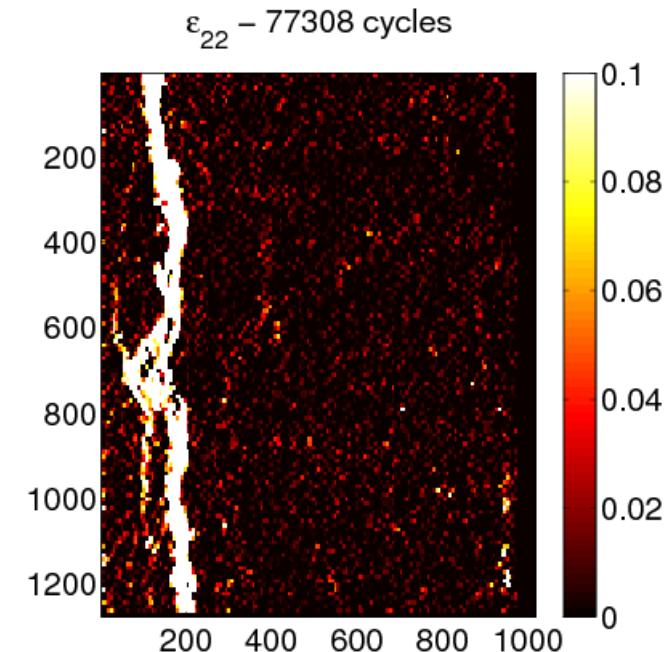
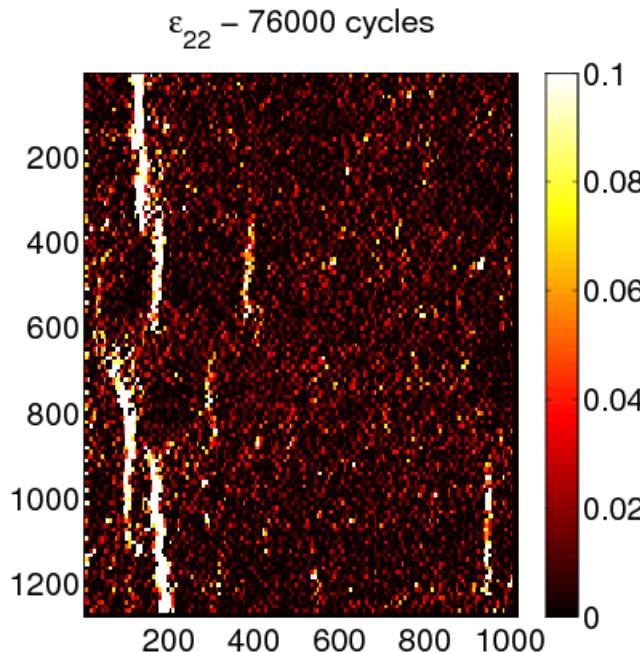
1px \approx 2 μm



[Malésys, 2007, *PhD dissertation ENS Cachan*]
[Rupil et al., 2009, JP SF2M]

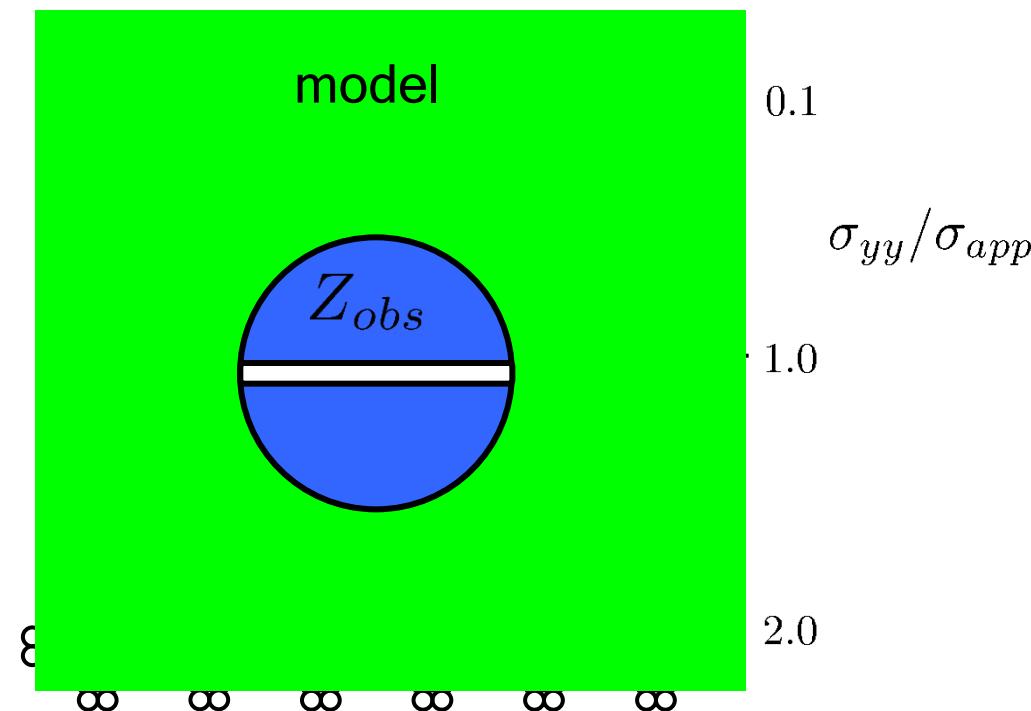
Observations

- Multiple crack initiation
- Crack arrest
- Crack coalescence



Model Hypotheses

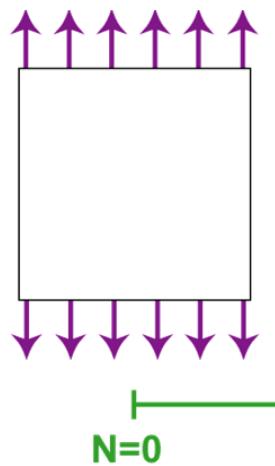
- Shielding zone Z_{obs} : relaxed stress field around crack



- Continuous initiation of cracks:
 - each site may initiate a crack after an incubation time (random variable)

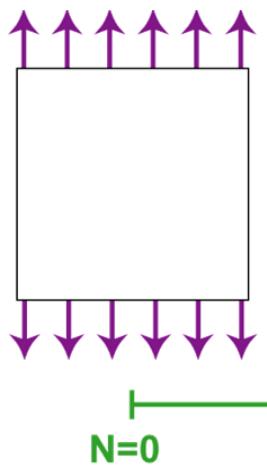
Model Hypotheses

Continuous initiation

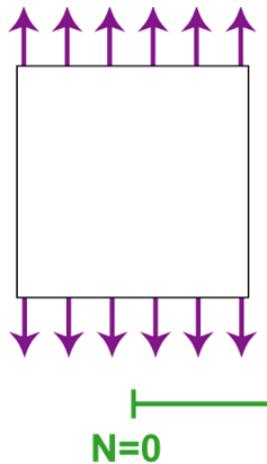


Model Hypotheses

Continuous initiation



Continuous initiation + Shielding process



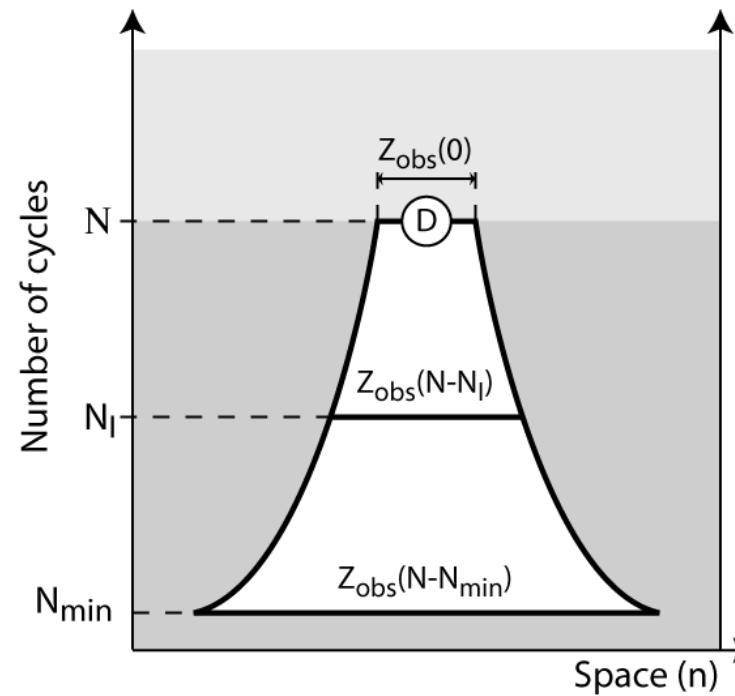
● shielded site

propagating crack and
its obscuration zone

stopped crack and
its obscuration zone

Model Hypotheses

- Horizon for given site D:
 - space-time zone where D at least obscured by another crack (white zone)
- Necessary condition to allow site D to initiate a crack: no crack in horizon of D

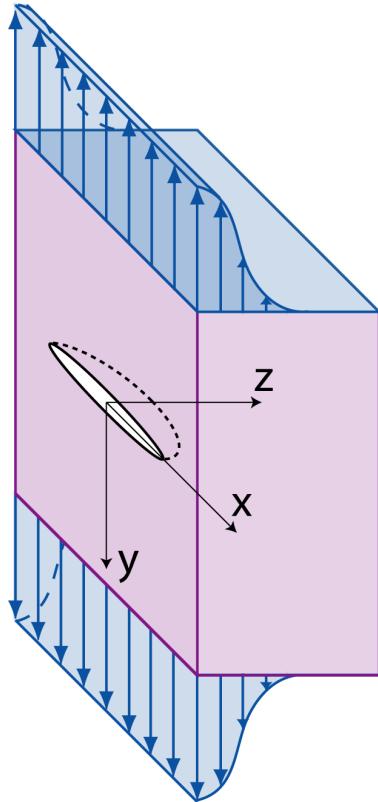


[Malésys et al., 2006, CRAS 334 pp. 419-424]

[Malésys et al., 2009, Int. J. Fat. 31 pp. 565-574]

Model Outputs

- a and c calculated with propagation law



$a = 1/2$ crack size
 c = crack depth

- Size of shielding zone $Z_{obs} = \pi ac$

- Obscuration probability

$$P_{obs} = 1 - \exp\left(-\int_0^N Z_{obs}(N - N_i) \frac{d\lambda}{dN_i} dN_i\right)$$

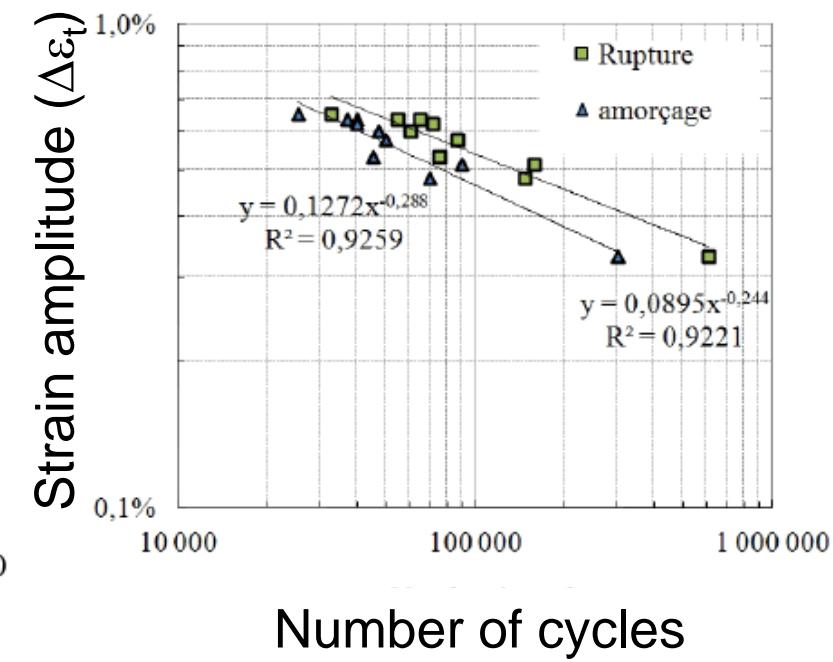
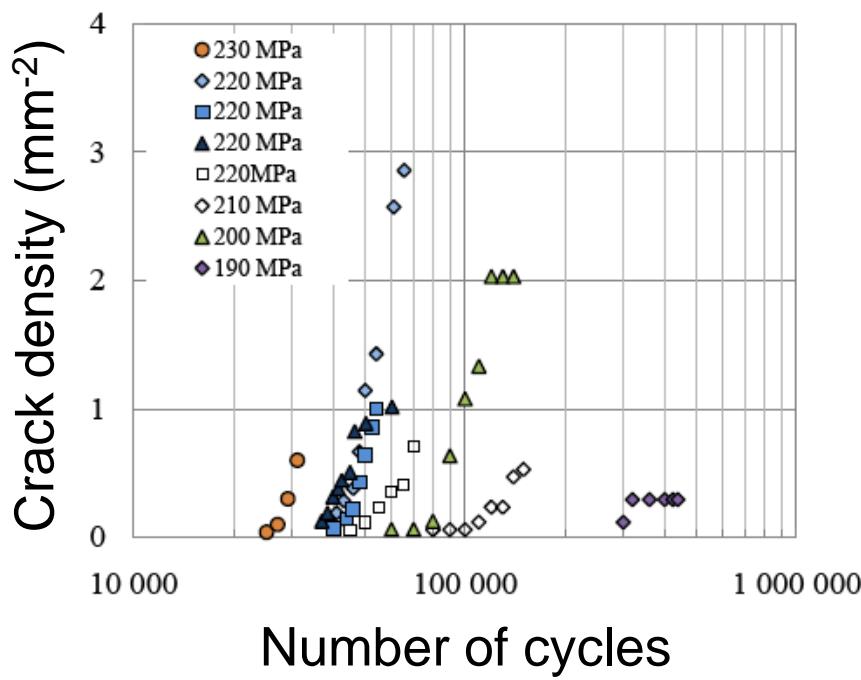
- Initiated crack density

$$\frac{d\lambda_i}{dN} = (1 - P_{obs}) \frac{d\lambda}{dN}$$

- Propagating crack density

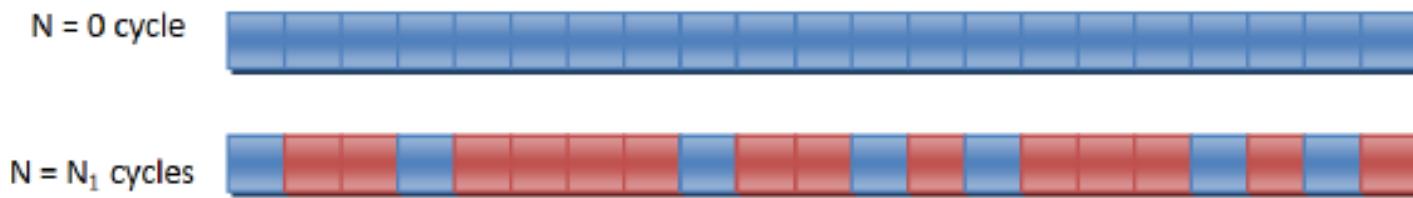
$$\lambda_p = (1 - P_{obs}) \lambda_i$$

Uniaxial Tests



Intensity of PPP

$$P(N_i < N) = \frac{1}{2} \left[1 - \operatorname{erf} \left(\frac{\ln(K) - (1/2)\ln(N_i) - \mu_\Delta}{2\sqrt{2}\sigma_\Delta} \right) \right]$$



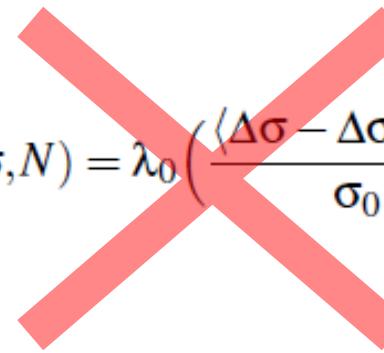
Microcrack coalescence in neighboring grains

$$P(N_i < N_1) = p$$

$$q = 1 - p$$

$$\lambda = \frac{(1-p) \times p^m}{D_g^2}$$

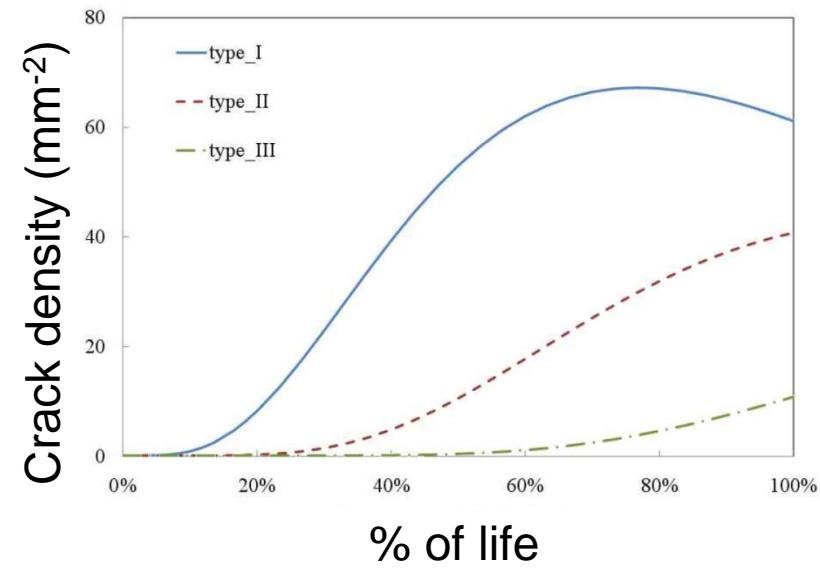
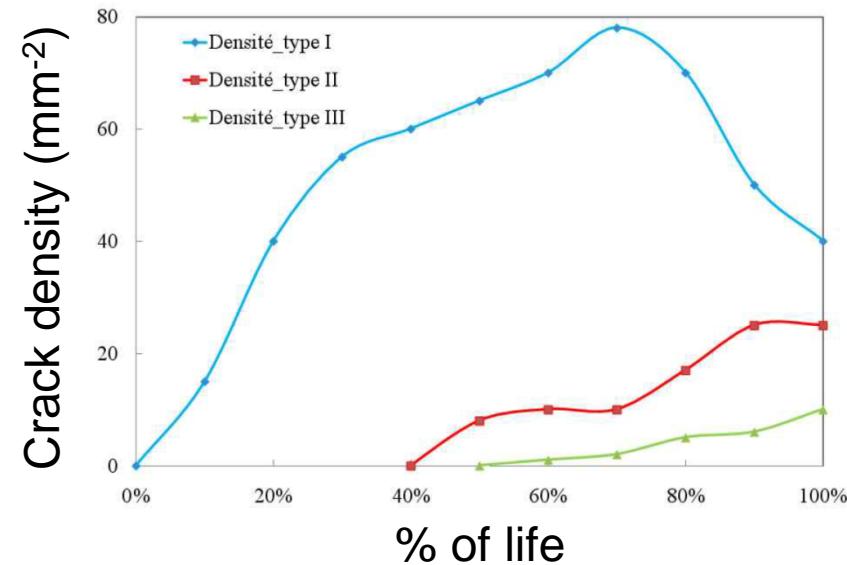
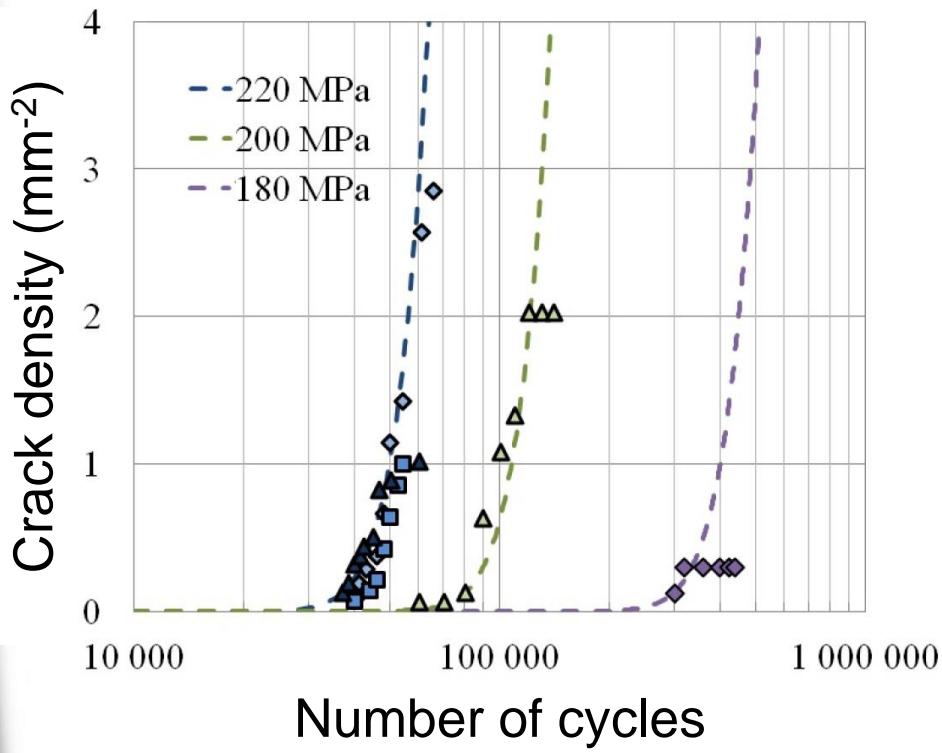
$$\lambda(\Delta\sigma, N) = \lambda_0 \left(\frac{\langle \Delta\sigma - \Delta\sigma_u(N) \rangle}{\sigma_0} \right)^m$$



[Osterstock, 2008, *PhD dissertation*, Ecole Centrale de Lille]

[Rupil et al., 2011, *Int. J. Multiscale Comput. Eng.* 9(4) pp. 445-458]

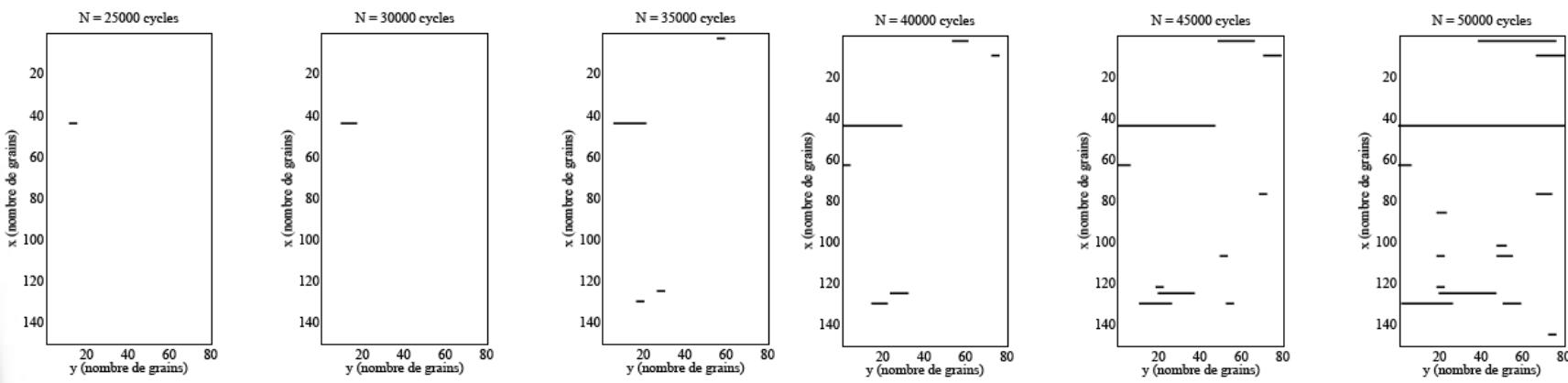
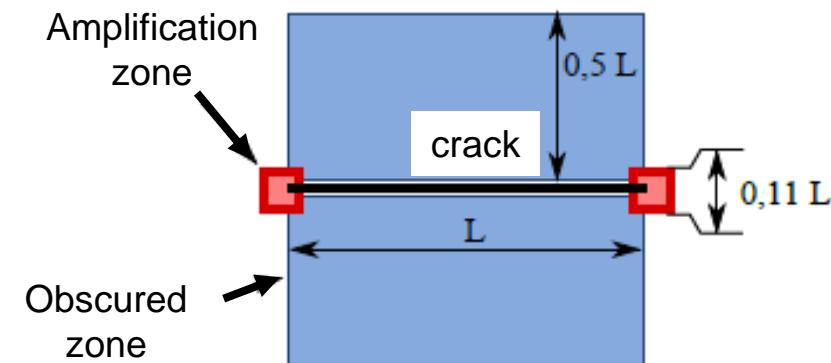
Experimental Validation



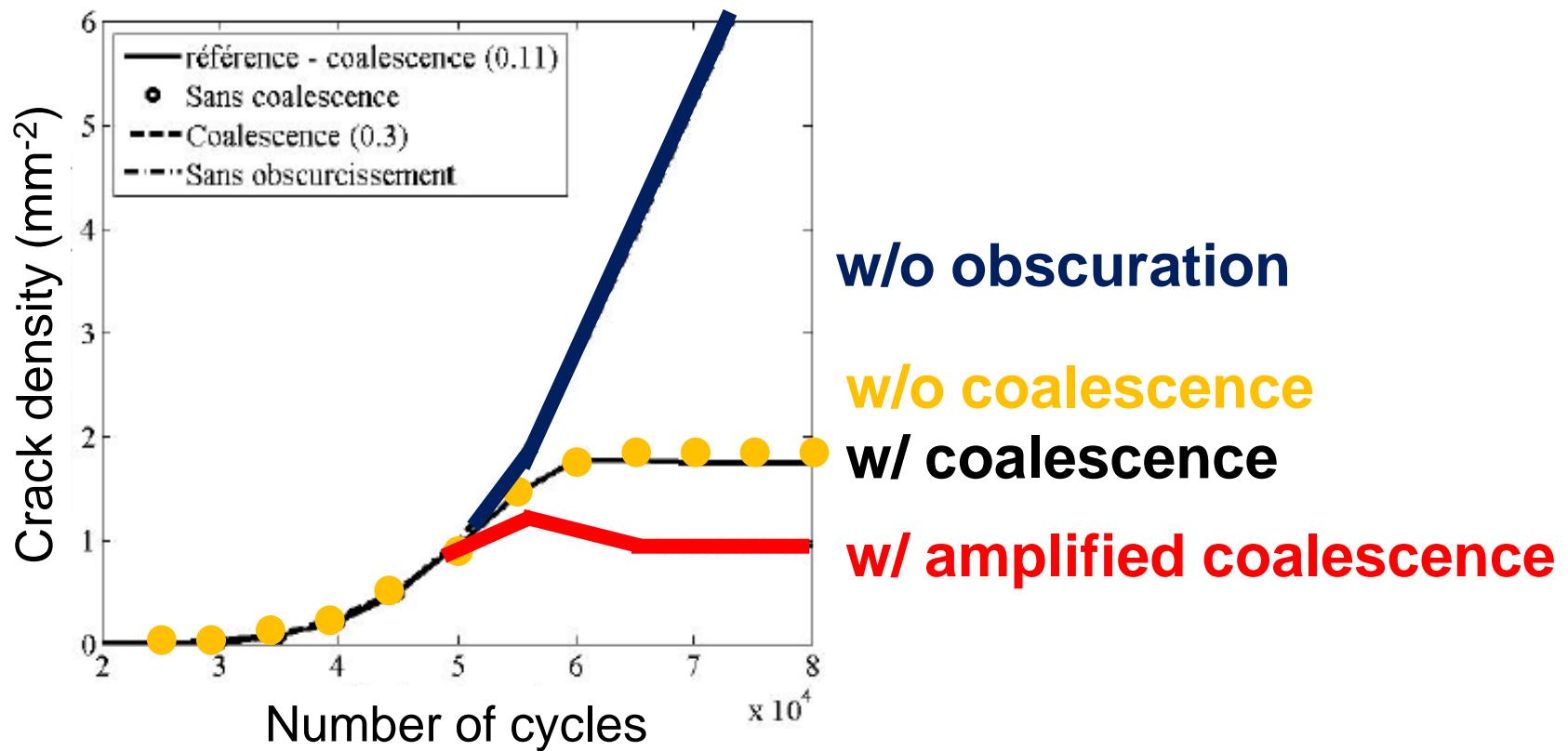
Accounting for Coalescence

Discrete stochastic model

- **Initiation** (crack > 3 grains)
- Propagation
- **Obscuration**
- **Coalescence**



Effect of Coalescence

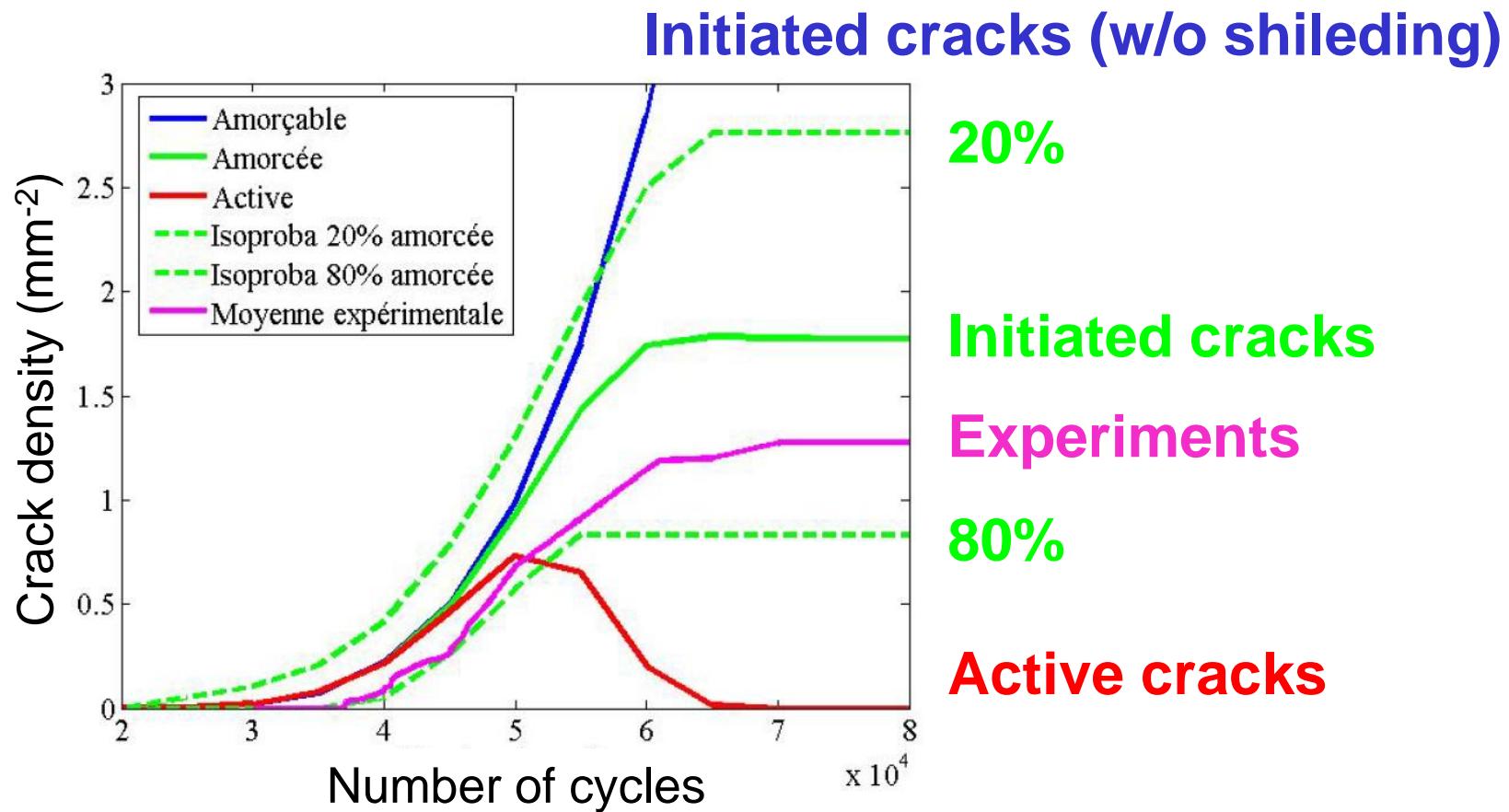


Obscuration

Change of
initiated crack
density

Coalescence

Comparison with Experiments



Outline

Damage mechanisms / examples

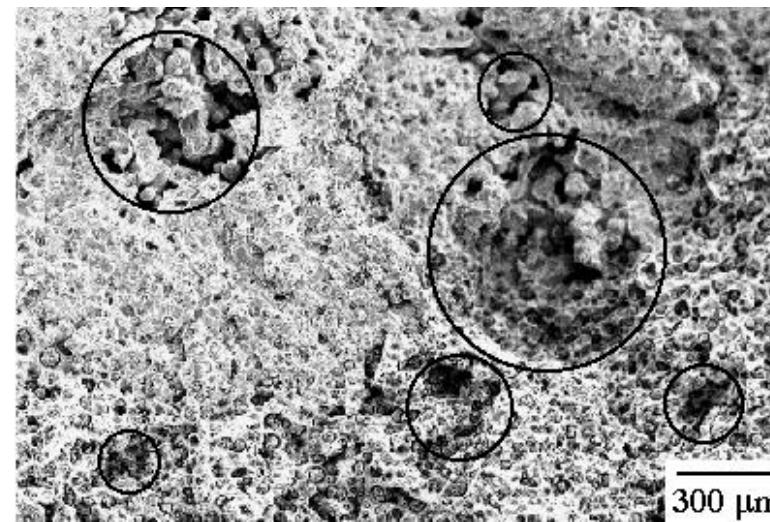
Weakest link hypothesis

Self-heating experiments / endurance limits

Crack networks: thermal striping

Summary and perspectives

Initial defects and HCF



Mechanical description of a defect

Multiaxial (non-proportional) loading

Defect distributions

[Murakami *et al.*, 1980, *Int. J. Fat.* 2 pp. 23-30]

[Murakami *et al.*, 1999, *Extremes* 2 pp. 123-147]

[Flacelière and Morel, 2004, *FFEMS* 27 pp. 1123-1135]

[Doudard *et al.*, 2007, *FFEMS* 30 pp. 107-114]

[Nasr *et al.*, 2009, *FFEMS* 32 pp. 292-309]

Inspection Procedures

Contrôle d'une installation industrielle



Détection d'une fissure :



Incertitude sur sa géométrie

Longueur

Orientation

Estimation de durée de vie

Influence des incertitudes ?

Probabilité de défaillance ?

Self-heating / HCF links

- Modeling:
 - mechanisms*
 - multiaxial loading conditions**
 - other classes of materials
- Source identification*** (IR thermography)
- Structures

***[Boulanger *et al.*, 2004, *Int. J. Fat.* 26 pp. 221-229]

*[Charkaluk and Constantinescu, 2006, *CRAS* 334 pp. 373-379]

**[Doudard *et al.*, 2007, *Int. J. Fat.* 29 pp. 748-757]

*[Mareau *et al.*, 2007, *Proc. CFM 2007*]

**[Poncelet *et al.*, 2007, *CRAS* 335 pp. 81-86]

***[Maquin *et al.*, 2009, *Mech. Mat.* 41 pp. 928-942]

Crack Networks and HCF

- Initiation conditions
- Propagation laws
- Coalescence
- Quantitative predictions wrt. experiments

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